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JOHN BARNSLEY & CO.,
119 Government St.
Agents for J. & J. Taylor,
Toronto Safe Works.

The Daily Colonist.

WELLINGTON COLLIERIES
COAL
Hall, Goepel & Company
Telephone 83
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VOL. LXXX.—NO. 144 VICTORIA B. C. TUESDAY NOVEMBER 29 1898 FORTY-FIRST YEAR

...RINGS...

We have always made Rings our strongest branch. This year we have beautiful assortment; we hundreds to select from

Diamonds
Rubies
Emeralds
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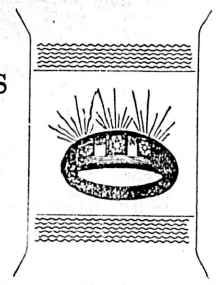


Opals
Sapphires
Pearls
Etc.

In Solitaire or Combination Settings.

PRICES RANGE FROM $1.00 to $400.00

As for Styles we believe we can show you exactly what you would like: Select your Xmas requirements now

Challoner & Mitchell

THE JEWELLERS,
Telephone 675. 47 Government Street,

New Season's Teas

Gunpowder
Young Hyson
Twankay

AUTUMN

Garden Leaf Japan
Panfired "
Sundried "

Chests
Half Chests
Caddies

JOSEPH
Tetley & Co's
PACKAGE TEAS

Chests,
Half Chests.
Caddies.

Ceylon Pekoe
A. Blend
H Blend

1898

China Congou
China Souchong
Formosa Oolong
S. O. Pekoe

HUDSON'S BAY CO.

An Open Secret

That we are in the lead for PURE, FIRST CLASS GOODS. We defy you to match quality and price, even at the wholesale dealers.

Call and Get a Royal Cook Book Gratis

They are worth many times the trouble.

A fresh lot of FANCY BISCUITS, in bulk and 1 and 2-lb. tins.

Our CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS, CHOCOLATE and CREAM BON-BONS will sweeten both your palate and temper. By the way, your temper will not need sweetening if you buy your CHOPPED PEEL, CLEANED CURRANTS and SEEDED RAISINS from us.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

KLONDIKE OUTFITTING

WILSON BROTHERS
Wholesale Grocers

Have the largest and best selected Stock in the city of PROVISIONS, GROCERIES, TOOLS, COOKING UTENSILS, TENTS, ETC. We have had arge experience as to what goods are required and how to pack them so hat they may arrive at their destination in good order.

76 and 79, 80 Wharf St., Victoria, B.C.

We Hit the Nail on The Head

When we drove the price of flour down. It pleased our customers and increased our trade.

This staple article of household consumption is one of our specialties; in fact, we are a little bit "cranky" about flour, and if the quality falls below the high standard we have set, even in the slightest degree, we don't receive it at the store. Our flour will make a greater number of better loaves than any other flour on the market.

E. J. Saunders & Co.

HIGH LIFE CIGARETTES

Are without doubt, in Quality and Price, the VERY BEST MADE; at

E. A. MORRIS'

Just in. The latest patterns in ..... Ladies' and Gents' Gold and Gold Filled 15 and 17 Jewelled..... WATCHES

From the best manufacturers at greatly reduced prices.
Fully Warranted.

J. WENGER, 90 Government Street

Headquarters for

MINERS' SUPPLIES

SIMON LEISER & CO.

Victoria, B.C.

Chase & Sanborn's

These Celebrated Coffees to be now had from all Leading Grocers. Insist on getting them.

COFFEES

STOCKS FOR SALE.

Crow's Nest Coal Co.	Wanted
Cariboo of Camp McKinney	Wanted
Athabasca	.42
Monte Christo	.11
Carnes' Creek Consolidated	.10
Dardanelles	Wanted
Deer Park	.17
Gopher	.03¾
Giant	.06½
Good Hope	.02
Homestake (assessment paid)	.05½
Nelson-Poorman	.28
Iron Colt	.10½
Noble Five	.17
Silver Bell	.02
Virginia	.42
Iron Horse	.16½
Waterloo (Camp McKinney)	.08½
Golden Cache	Wanted

Quotations for other stocks to be had on application at our office. List your stocks with us, as we are in daily communication by wire with Toronto, Montreal, Spokane, Rossland and other outside cities.

MONEY TO LOAN.

On Victoria real estate by The Yorkshire Guarantee & Securities Corporation, Ltd. and the Dominion Permanent Loan Company.

MINING CLAIMS FOR SALE.

On Pine creek and other creeks in Atlin district from at $250, $500, $700, $1,000 and $2,500.

HOUSES and VACANT LOTS FOR SALE

In all parts of the city from $500 to $50.000. Call and examine our lists before purchasing elsewhere.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Insure with the following companies: The Scottish Union & National Insurance Co., The Alliance Assurance Co., The Atlas Assurance Co.

Farms and Farming Lands For Sale.

In all parts of the province.

A. W. MORE & CO.,
Stock Brokers and Real Estate Agents,
86 Government St.

Mining Shares WANTED

Athabasca
Van Anda
Deer Park
Monte Cristo
Dardanelles
Gertrude

Those having these shares to sell please list them with us

TO-DAY

To-Morrow may be too late.

CUTHBERT & CO., Represented on London, Eng., and Toronto, Ont., Stock Exchange.

17 Trounce Ave., off Gov. St.

To Jewellers, Hotel Keepers, Bakers Druggists and Others.
IMPORTANT

AUCTION SALE

Of Superb Store Fixtures Recently Acquired at a Cost of $10,000

MR. HERBERT CUTHBERT

Is instructed by Mr. J. A. Lawrence, who is giving up business, to sell by auction on the premises, 77 Government street, Victoria, B.C.,

Wednesday, Nov. 30, 11 a.m.

The whole of the MAGNIFICENT STORE FIXTURES, Soda Water Fountains, Restaurant plant, etc., comprising in part:

IN MAIN STORE—2 very fine quartered oak wall fixtures, 40x15 feet high, partly enclosed with glass and having beautiful plate glass mirrors in centre, the whole surmounted with a very massive cornice; 2 solid oak counters 27 feet long, 5 plate glass counter show cases in oak frames, solid oak cash desk, beautiful oak cabinet show case, 14 feet by 9 feet, with massive plate glass mirror in the centre; superb soda water fountain, resting on oak counters, with plate glass panels, and surmounted with a very handsome canopy capable of seating an orchestra of six musicians, cost $1,000; smaller soda water fountain with massive oak fixtures and counters; very fine electro-plated coffee urn with five separate compartments, cost $350; 250 very fine candy globes and jars, all sizes; 100 electro-plated candy trays; 2 pairs fine scales; all necessary utensils etc., for 2 first-class soda fountains; large stock of candies, bon bons, wedding cakes, and candy boxes, etc.; very fine linoleum 5 bevelled plate glass mirrors with oak frames and cornices; electric light fittings for windows and stores.

IN DINING ROOMS—2 very fine oak dining tables with massive marble tops; 4 side ditto; 12 quartered oak dining tables; 40 oak dining chairs; cutlery and glass for tables; linen, etc.; 10 pairs chenille curtains; fine oak hat stand; 8 handsome oak partitions, forming separate dining rooms; very fine linoleum; handsome mirrors in oak frames; electric light fittings.

IN KITCHEN AND BAKERY — Large French range in first class condition, 14 feet long; 100-gallon hot water tank; fine dishing up tables; "Quick Sterling" cook stove; ice cream freezers and a very large assortment of the best cooking and baking utensils.

It is impossible in an advertisement to enumerate and describe these fittings. It is sufficient to say that "Lawrence's Cafe" is known as the handsomest and best appointed north of San Francisco. The fixtures are made so that they can be taken down in sections quite easily, and so that they can be adapted to any business.

Terms cash. Buyers of the larger fixtures may make arrangements before the sale for part cash and reasonable time for balance.

HERBERT CUTHBERT, Auctioneer.

Dr. Robertson

Late House Surgeon of the Montreal General Hospital has opened an office at 38 Douglas Street. Tel. 677.

ASSAY OFFICE,
BROUGHTON STREET.

W. J. R. Cowell, B.A., F.G.S, assayer to the local banks. Assays on all kinds of ores.

Gold dust melted, assayed and purchased for cash at its full value.

Open Day and Night. Telephone 426.

...J. E. PAINTER...

Wood cut to any required length by electric machinery.

Wood and Coal at Current Prices

TRUCK AND DRAY WORK DONE.

Office: 25 Cormorant street; Res: 17 Pine street, Victoria West, VICTORIA, B. C.

PLATE GLASS INSURANCE — Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Co., of New York, J. W. Mellor, agent, guarantee replacement within 24 hours. je24

POLISHED FLOORS are clean, healthy and fashionable. Use Mellor's floor polishing brushes in conjunction with Johnson's floor wax; 65 cents per tin. For sale by J. W. Mellor, 76 and 78 Fort street, agent.

NEWS OF THE CAPITAL

Recruiting for British Regulars by Sergeants of Permanent Force in Canada.

Alien Engravers Imported to Make Mr. Muloch's Imperial Postage Stamp.

Dismissal of Klondike Officials in Confession of Mr. Sifton's Mismanagement.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Nov. 28.—Mr. Sifton has furnished a striking admission of mismanagement by the fact that, as now stated by his own organs, several officials in the gold commissioner's office at Dawson have been removed. T. D. Macfarlane, the official timber inspector, also is said to have been dismissed.

Nineteen creameries were operated under federal auspices in the Territories this year, as against sixteen last year and three in 1896.

The manager of the American Bank Note Co. has rendered himself liable to the penalties of the alien labor law, by importing four engravers from New York to engrave the new penny postage stamps which Mr. Mulock has adopted to encourage the imperial idea.

Advices are on the way out from the war office authorizing recruiting in Canada for the British regulars. Non-commissioned officers of the permanent force will be constituted recruiting officers, and may be sent out to various points to secure recruits.

SAN JOSE SCALE.

American Trees and Plants Excluded From France as a Precautionary Measure.

Washington, Nov. 28.—M. Thibeault, the charge d'affaires of France, called at the state department to-day to advise Secretary Hay that the French government was about to adopt precautionary measures against the introduction from this country of the San Jose scale, and that decrees will be issued prohibiting the importation of trees, shrubs and plants from the United States, and requiring an inspection of all fruits, fresh and dried, at the point of landing in France.

AUCTION

At 6 Humboldt Street on
Tuesday, Nov. 29, at 2 o'clock
Almost new and well-kept
Furniture and Effects

B. W. Parlor Set, Oak Occasional and Centre Tables, Oak Dining Table, 6 Oak Chairs (leather covered), Oak Rockers, Oak Leather Covered Lounge, Sideboard, Air Tight Heater, Brussell's Room and Stair Carpets, Linoleum, Hard-wood Bed Sets Mattresses, 8-day Alarm Clock, Kitchen furniture, including splendid Famous Active Range, Lady's Bicycle, Fine Eastman Kodak, etc.

W. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION

Trade sale of Crockery
38 Crates ex "Riverside"
on
Tuesday, Nov. 29th, 2 p.m.

I am instructed to sell by auction in the Kirk block, Douglas street, next to Johnston's store, a well assorted lot of Crockery from T. Hughes & Son, Longport, Staffordshire, consisting of Dinner and Soup Plates, Cups and Saucers (plain and fancy), Rock and Stone Jugs, Dishes, Bakers, Toilet Sets (10 pcs.), Covered and Uncovered Chambers, Slop Pails, Globe Bowls, Wash Basins, Tea Sets (44 pcs.), Covered Dishes, Casseroles, Scollops, Ewers and Basins, Dinner Sets (105 pcs.), 6 doz. English Coal Scuttles. The above comprise a good assortment of fancy and plain crockery too numerous to itemize. Catalogue of contents of each crate may be had on application.

GEORGE BYRNES, Auctioneer.

...W. JONES...

AUCTIONEER.

Offers for sale, by private bargain, one of the choicest homesteads on the Island, containing 510 acres of land, with large, well-kept orchard, profitable hotel, over 100 acres cultivated land, the whole well fenced; fronting on a fine sporting lake and the main trunk roads, six miles from the city; close to church, school and railway station. This is one of the biggest bargains ever offered investors. Price low; terms to suit. A fortune to right party.

Ralph Churton

AUCTIONEER

Has commodious and well-lighted salerooms at

62 Douglas Street

Periodical sales at which good prices are always obtained.

Furniture Bought for Cash.

ONIONS AT HALF PRICE—For one week at one cent per pound, at 73 Yates street.

OIL is the life of paint. English linseed oil is the best oil in the world. We import pure English linseed oil exclusively. J. W. Mellor, Fort street (above Douglas).

OFFICES TO RENT—Large office with private room attached, on second floor, Bank of Montreal building, Government street. Apply at the B.C. Elec. Ry. Co.'s office. n29

CORBETT SETTLES IT.

His Story of Why McVey Entered the Ring Satisfies the Club Inquirers.

New York, Nov. 28.—The inquiry instituted by the directors of the Lennox Athletic club with the intention of fastening the blame for the sudden termination of the Sharkey-Corbett contest last Tuesday night, took place this afternoon at the Police Gazette office. Both principals, with their managers and handlers and the referee, "Honest" John Kelly, were examined, but no collusion was shown by the statements made.

Corbett was the last to be questioned, and he emphatically stated that he did not believe that McVey had been bought by any person or persons. "I believe in McVey's loyalty," said Corbett. "He has been with me for years, and would not throw me down. After I had returned to my dressing room on Tuesday night, McVey told my brother Tom that he could not see the big fellow (meaning me) licked; as he considered I was being beaten, he jumped into the ring to save me. I believe in McVey, and I am positive that he was not actuated by any other motive in doing as he did last Tuesday night." Corbett's statement was satisfactory to the investigators, and the matter dropped right there.

Tom O'Rourke, on behalf of Sharkey, promised to give Corbett another chance at his man. Connie McVey, who caused all the disturbance by jumping into the ring, was the only absentee from the hearing.

CANAL TO GREAT LAKES

Canadian Government Wanted to Pay for Diverting Traffic From Lower St. Lawrence.

Scheme to Add to New York's Shipping Greatness at Expense to Montreal.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 28.—An effort will be made by persons interested in lake transportation to have the Anglo-American commission take up the project of a canal joining the Great Lakes and the Atlantic. This project has been favorably reported upon by the deep waterway commission authorized by congress and appointed by the President. While this establishes the practicability of the canal the present movement contemplates the devising by the Anglo-American commission of a plan of joint action by which the work will actually be begun.

The proper route would be by the way of St. Lawrence river and Lake Champlain, a cut of 28 miles being sufficient, it is said, for that link in the canal. Another of 34 miles would carry the canal by the Hudson river, thus connecting the shipping of New York and Chicago by way of the lakes, Welland canal, the St. Lawrence river, Lake Champlain and Hudson river.

The projectors of this movement say the cut from the St. Lawrence to Lake Champlain can be made for three or four millions, as the topography is most favorable for canal digging. They are proceeding in the idea of having the two governments do the work, each doing the construction on its own side, thus making it a government rather than private enterprise.

VANCOUVER AFFAIRS.

Run Off on Shuswap & Okanagan—Petition for Mail Service on Coast.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Nov. 28.—There was an accident on the Shuswap & Okanagan branch of the C. P. R. on Saturday, six miles south of Sicamous. The baggage, express and passenger coach and the superintendent's car left the track, the engine and box and cattle car remaining on the rails. Three cars went down an embankment 15 feet high. The track was torn up, but not one passenger was injured. The engine continued with the passengers to Sicamous, arriving in time to connect with No. 1 westbound. The track was cleared for traffic last night.

Eddie Duscortch, running the Boulder restaurant, has left the city and many creditors.

A petition is being forwarded to Ottawa for improvement of the mail service along the coast.

The ten-round boxing contest to-night between Hawkins, welterweight champion of Canada, and "Si" White, of Kootenay, was awarded to the former. Hawkins outclassed his man, but the fight was at no time hot. On behalf of Hill, of Victoria, "Denver" Ed. Smith, who refereed the fight, challenged any lightweight in the province. This was accepted by Welch, who recently defeated Scurry here.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure; 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet. *

SPAIN TAKES HER DOSE

Does Not Like It at All But Submits to Superior Force of America.

For Twenty Millions Cuba, Porto Rico and Philippines Will Be Given Over.

Spanish Acceptance Presented in Writing and Without Any Verbal Explanation.

By Associated Press.

Paris, Nov. 28.—Spain has accepted the United States offer of $20,000,000, and at a joint session of the peace commissioners this morning consented without condition to relinquish Cuba and to cede Porto Rico, Guama and the Philippines. The document presented for this acceptance contained only 300 words. It opened with a reference to the final terms of the United States and said that the Spanish commissioners, after taking cognizance of the terms proposed by the Americans, replied that their government had tried to give as equitable an answer as possible, but that they were not prepared to commit their government to the acceptance of the principles embodied in the American argument. Spain rejects these principles, the note continues, as she always has rejected them, basing her attitude upon the justice of her cause. However, in her desire for peace, she has gone so far as to propose certain compromises which the Americans have always rejected. She has also attempted, it is further asserts, to have submitted to arbitration some of the material points upon which the two governments differed. These proposals for arbitration, it is added, the Americans had equally rejected. These allegations in Spain's reply as to attempted arbitration refer to her proposal to arbitrate the construction of the third articles of the protocol, respecting the Philippines.

Spain's reply to-day in substance continued by declaring that the United States has offered, as a kind of compensation to Spain, something very inadequate to the sacrifices that country was at this moment making, and she feels therefore that the United States proposals cannot be considered just and equitable. Spain has, however, exhausted all the resources of diplomacy in an attempt to justify her attitude. Seeing that an acceptance of the proposal made to Spain is a necessary condition to a continuance of negotiations, and seeing that the resources of Spain are not such as to enable her to re-enter upon war, she is prepared in her desire to avoid bloodshed and from considerations of humanity and patriotism to sumbit to the conditions of the conquering nation, however harsh they may be. She is, therefore, ready to accept the proposals of the American commission as presented at the last sitting.

The reading and translation of the document occupied less than five minutes. At the conclusion of the translation, the commissioners empowered Senor Ojeda, secretary of the Spanish commission, and Secretary Moore, of the American commission, to draw up articles, which are to embody the relinquishment of Cuba by Spain and the cession of Porto Roco and the Philippines. These articles, which may be considered as constituting the conditions of peace, will be ready for submission Wednesday.

A great deal of interest was taken in to-day's meeting. The two commissions arrived at the foreign office in carriages in the rain almost simultaneously and repairing to the conference room, immediately opened the only business before them. Senor Montero Rios, the president of the Spanish commission, has usually preceded the presentation of a Spanish communication in writing by verbally summarizing the same; but to-day Senor Rios was silent and unusually grave. His face was deeper lined and he clearly showed the mental strain under which he was laboring, as he approached the final relinquishment of Spain's colonial possessions. Without a word Senor Montero Rios produced the two typewritten sheets and passed them to the interpreter of the United States commission, Mr. Ferguson, who read them substantially as cabled, the outline of the Spanish document being furnished later to the correspondent of the Associated Press by Senor Ojeda. The commissioners left the foreign office immediately after the secretaries had been directed to prepare the articles of the peace treaty. There was scarcely any conversation between the American and Spanish commissioners after the adjournment. Among the Americans only the most grave consideration for the Spanish colleagues was apparent. The Spaniards seemed to be relieved at having arrived at the conclusion of a long controversy.

FURTHER CONCESSIONS ASKED.

Paris, Nov. 28.—Having embodied in the treaty articles all the protocol questions, the two commissions will now enter upon friendly negotiations regarding the matters suggested in the American ultimatum a week ago—matters subsidiary and incidental to the principal

(Continued on page 2.)

ENGLISH GOODS JUST RECEIVED.....

A Fine Lot of.....

Sterling Silver-Mounted Briar Pipes

B B B

Which I am Selling at

SEVENTY-FIVE CTS.
Usual price $1.25 each

Harry L. Salmon Cor. Yates and Government Street.....VICTORIA, B.C.

FLAVOR Your cake with Blue Ribbon Extract of Vanilla, then tell your friends about it.

A CALIFORNIA HORROR

Explosion on River Steamer Kills Six and Fearfully Scalds Ten Others.

Captain Steamed to Death in His Cabin Chief Engineer and Wife Killed.

Stockton, Cal., Nov. 27.—The most disastrous river accident in the history of Stockton occurred this morning at 5:20 o'clock near Fourteen-Mile Slough, when one of the boilers of the river steamer T. C. Walker, which left San Francisco at 6 o'clock last night, was blown, out, killing six and dangerously wounding ten persons, while probably fifteen or twenty others were more or less hurt. The T. C. Walker is owned by the California Navigation & Improvement company, and ran between San Francisco and Stockton.

The dead are: John Tulan, captain of the T. C. Walker; W. A. Blunt, agent in charge of the shipping of sugar beets from the Moss tract of the Crockett factory; Watson Henry, of Stockton, engineer of the T. C. Walker; Mrs. Watson Henry, wife of the chief engineer; Jerry Daily, fireman; Ferdinand Law, of Seattle, a passenger.

The wounded include: George P. Smith, a native of Massachusetts, deckhand, burned about the face and body; James Corcoran, deck-hand, will probably die; Jack Holberg, known as Jack Sperry, watchman, bruised on head and scalded over entire upper part of body; Coratti Dominici, deck-hand, scalded about hands and face, and back injured; John Burns, deck-hand, slightly burned about head; G. Foppianno, of San Francisco, passenger, injured in the face and breast; Edward Paul Jones, stevedore, scalded about face and hands; Martin McCaffrey, of San Francisco, deck-hand, burned about the head and body; Louis Brizzolana, of San Francisco, wine merchant, badly injured; John Figoni, of Stockton, deck-hand, head cut and back hurt.

The majority of the passengers were in bed. The whole forward portion of the steamer's upper works was blown away. The screams of the men who were locked in their rooms near the pilot-house were heart-rending. Capt. John Tulan had been blown from his bed against the door of the stateroom, and so seriously injured that he could not move. The door could not be forced open, as he was jammed up against it. One of the employees of the boat secured an axe and cut the upper part of the room away and finally removed him, but not until he was virtually roasted alive. When pulled out the flesh dropped from his bones in large pieces.

Watson Henry, the chief engineer, and his wife were in their room near the pilot house when the explosion occurred. Mrs. Henry was blown through the roof. She was horribly crushed by the force of the explosion, and also badly scalded with steam. Her injuries proved fatal at 12:30 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. Henry was terribly scalded. He was thrown some distance away but not so far as was his wife. He died shortly after being brought to this city.

Underneath the lower deck, where the deck-hands slept, the groans and screams were awful of the unfortunate imprisoned men, who received the full effect of the steam as it came from the boilers. Eight of them were almost roasted alive.

The moment the work of rescuing the injured commenced, Mrs. Frances Robinson, of San Francisco, a trained nurse, assumed charge, and throughout all the excitement administered to the wants of those who were the worst injured. Flour and lard were applied to the scalded men to relieve their sufferings. The passengers find insufficient words in praise of the brave woman.

A telephone message was sent to this city, and the little steamer Clara Crow, with several physicians and medicines and bandages, were sent to meet the Dauntless, on which the wounded were being brought to this city. The relief boat met the Dauntless a short distance down the river.

One of the remarkable escapes is that of Capt. Henry Potvine, who was at the wheel of the Walker when the explosion occurred. The pilot-house was torn away, but he was not dangerously injured, though somewhat scalded about the lower limbs.

What caused the explosion will probably never be known. The steam drum burst with terrible violence. The direction of the flying debris was upward and outward toward the bow. If it had been the other way, the loss of life would have been much greater.

SIR WILFRID IN DANGER.

The Guileless Canadian Premier Negotiates Alone With Astute American Sealing Champion.

Toronto, Nov. 28.—(Special)—The Mail's Washington special says: "The Canadian commissioners have returned from their visit to Senator Faulkner, near Maritansburg, W. Va. The visit was delightful.

The deliberations this week will be very important, for after that several Americans will have to divide their time with congress.

A lengthy conference in the latter part of last week between Commissioner J. W. Foster and Premier Laurier is regarded as having no small bearing upon the success of the work, although the exact nature is not ascertainable.

COKE :::: COKE
COKE
For Base Burners
HALL, GOEPEL & CO.
Tel. No. 83. 100 Government St.

COL PANET'S POSITION.

Way Now Clear for Making Good Sir Wilfrid's Promise to His Quebec Friend.

Toronto, Nov. 28.—(Special)—The World's Montreal special says: "Messrs. Blair and Borden were here to-day. Before leaving for the East, the minister of militia said that Major Pinault, M. P. P. for Matane, would be appointed deputy minister of militia in place of the late Col. Panet."

THE PONTON TRIAL.

Pinkerton Detective Reports Quite a Find—Safe Makers on the Stand.

Napanee, Sept. 28.—(Special)—The court sat until quite late on Saturday night, continuing the evidence in Ponton's case. Interest in the case in town is as keen as ever, and it is difficult to find anybody here who will admit the chance of Ponton being guilty.

Miss Sarah French, cousin of the prisoner, Robert Mackie, a new witness, said Mackie was at her mother's house in Toronto when Ponton was arrested, and stayed there some time after that. She had once asked him what kept him so quiet, and he had remarked it was something the same as Ponton was accused of. She had gone to Belleville on June 6 last and stopped at Mackie's house, being there when he was arrested. Several days after the arrest she had suddenly come across Mrs. Mackie in the woodshed. She was digging there, and found a bottle with paper money in it. This last statement produced quite a sensation in court, but after all does not bear on the guilt of Ponton, which is the point causing such intense popular interest.

Mr. Young, of Taylor's safe works, gave expert evidence at this morning's session, and said it was impossible to open the combination without the numbers or a clue to the numbers. The combination given by Pare would not open the Dominion bank safe, as he demonstrated by trial. The witness gave evidence in reference to the condition of the safe after the robbery.

Daniel Cox, general foreman of Taylor's safe works, gave it as his opinion that the combination could not be worked without a knowledge of the numbers.

George Wilkes, a Pinkerton detective, told of the finding in Ponton's private room of a slip of paper containing impressions of the key of the bank's private compartment in the safe.

SOLA'S KLONDIKE TROUBLES.

English Company Promoter Wrongfully Accused and Preparing for Damage Suit.

Seattle, Nov. 26.—The rather sensational case of Arthur E. Ironmonger Sola, an English promoter of Dawson mining enterprises, who was arrested in the Klondike last summer charged with a felony, has assumed a new phase that has again brought it before the popular mind in the greatest mining camp on the Yukon. Sola, after being confined in the gaol at Dawson for a period of twelve days, was released and is now on his way to England, there to bring a damage suit against the men who caused his arrest.

The story of Sola's trouble with an English syndicate of mining investors recalls the era of speculation and gambling in mining options which began in the late summer and early fall of 1897 and which raged with unequalled virulence for several months. Sola was a promoter, and said to be a very shrewd one. He left Dawson in the spring of this year with an option for the purchase of claim No. 92 below discovery on Bonanza creek. It is said that he placed his claim in London, the purchasers, an English syndicate represented by A. E. McFarlane, agreeing to buy it of him for $40,000. On this amount, it is said, $15,000 was placed on deposit in a bank in escrow pending the final transfer.

When Sola returned to Dawson last summer to complete the transaction he was placed under arrest at the instigation of McFarlane, it is alleged, on the charge of attempting to perpetrate a fraud. His right to sell the property was questioned. Klondikers returning to Seattle last summer told of the arrest of Sola and it was the general opinion that on the trial of the case some interesting testimony throwing light on the methods of speculation would be brought to light.

On the contrary, however, Sola was released within two weeks after his arrest and the case has never been tried. More than that, Sola has, it is now stated by late arrivals from Dawson, secured control of the property in dispute and has commenced work on it, besides preparing to bring a suit for the false imprisonment against the people who were responsible for his incarceration.

When the Canadian Mounted Police took Sola into custody his bail was fixed at $30,000, but his friends were unable to raise the amount. When every one supposed he would remain in gaol until his trial, orders were received one day from a high Canadian official that Sola be released. It developed afterward that the case against him had proved so weak after the Dominion authorities had investigated the matter that it was decided to drop the prosecution.

Sola's friends have claimed all along, backed with evidence, that he was the victim of a conspiracy. It is claimed that certain people interested in the sale of the claim on which he had an option, and who saw an opportunity to purchase it for much less than the original price put on it, caused the charge to be brought against Sola. For a time he was under a cloud, but on his release the case took a different turn in the minds of the people of Dawson. From reliable sources it is now learned that Sola has begun work on the claim and that he has gone to England to institute a suit for damages against the men who caused his imprisonment.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

DOMINION DESPATCHES

English Capital for Wood Pulp Making on Large Scale—Killed on Tracks.

Knighthood for Ontario's Premier—C.P.R. Again Using North Bay Line.

Special to the Colonist.

KNIGHTHOOD AT HAND.

Toronto, Nov. 28.—The rumor is revived Hon. A. S. Hardy will be knighted New Year's Day.

It is also reported that E. F. Clarke, M.P., will again contest for the mayoralty.

RAILWAY SETTLEMENT.

Toronto, Nov. 28.—The C.P.R. commenced running freight trains over the North Bay division of the Grand Trunk this morning. Passenger trains will not run over the line until Thursday.

MR. FOSTER SPEAKS.

Toronto, Nov. 28.—Hon. Geo. E. Foster addressed a large meeting of Young Conservatives here to-night.

OBITUARY.

Toronto, Nov. 28.—Rev. W. J. Barkwell, pastor of the New Richmond Methodist church, died this morning at the general hospital as the result of an operation in the hope of relieving kidney trouble. He was aged about 54.

Quebec, Nov. 28.—John Laird, sr., the veteran underwriter and magistrate and at one time an alderman, is dead.

Winnipeg, Nov. 28.—The funeral of the late S. W. Farrell, who was struck by a street car on Saturday, will take place to-morrow afternoon to St. John's cemetery. Deceased was a former resident of Toronto.

ACCIDENTS.

Peterboro, Nov. 28.—The six-year-old daughter of John Kenneally was cut to pieces to-day while endeavoring to cross the street railway tracks.

Brighton, Nov. 28.—John Torrance, a brakeman of York, was killed yesterday morning while coupling.

Montreal, Nov. 28.—Jos. Atkinson, managing editor of the Herald, had a narrow escape from death on Saturday morning. Mr. Atkinson was looking down the shaft from the news room and was struck on the head by a descending elevator. He will recover.

M'GILL UNIVERSITY.

Montreal, Nov. 28.—The opening of McGill's new mining building, the gift of W. C. McDonald, is fixed for December 20.

At a meeting of the board of governors of McGill a resolution was adopted affiliating Vancouver College with the university.

HALTON CANDIDATE.

Milton, Nov. 28.—Lt.-Col. Kerns, a former Conservative member for Halton, has consented to run again at the pending bye-elections.

C. P. R. TRAFFIC.

Montreal, Nov. 28.—The C. P. R. Co.'s statement for October, 1898, is: Gross earnings, $2,688,730; working expenses, $1,432,855; profits, $1,255,845. In October, 1897, the net profits were $1,414,738. For the ten months ending October 31, 1898, the figures are as follows: Gross earnings, $20,943,363; working expenses, $12,827,611; net profits, $8,115,751. For the ten months ending October 31, 1897, there was net profit of $8,060,589.

WOOD PULP.

Quebec, Nov. 28.—It is stated that a powerful English syndicate is preparing to go into the wood pulp business in the Saguenay district, and has approached the local government, offering to make four hundred and fifty tons of pulp a day provided the free use of water powers is accorded. The company proposes to erect its principal mill at Alma Island on the Grand Discharge.

THE BONSPEIL.

Winnipeg, Nov. 28.—The date of Winnipeg's great curling bonspeil was changed to-night to February 8 instead of February 13, as formerly.

Robert Jaffray, of Toronto, left to-night for the Kootenay district.

STORMS ON ATLANTIC COAST.

Great Injury to Shipping and on Land—Scores of Vessels Ashore.

Halifax, Nov. 28.—(Special)—The gale along the Atlantic coast has done great injury to shipping. The telegraph and telephone service was badly demoralized all day yesterday, and small craft in the harbor even sustained considerable damage.

A special from Digby says that two vessels are ashore there. Nine are high on the beach at Westport, besides one sunk and one dismantled and a schooner ashore on the north side of Bear Island in Digby Basin.

St. John, N. B., Nov. 28.—During an extraordinary gale and snowfall yesterday, which blocked the street car system, much damage was done throughout the city. Telegraph and telephone poles were blown down, chimneys knocked over and trees uprooted.

Vineyard Haven, Mass., Nov. 28.—The fierce northwest storm which sturck here Saturday night and continued all day Sunday woth great violence, swept out of existence a large fleet of sailing vessels which anchored off this port to escape its fury. It is known that at least four men have perished, and it is very probable that many more have lost their lives. Twenty-one schooners, nearly all heavily laden, and one barkentine are ashore. Four schooners now lying at anchor are totally dismantled; two others were sunk and one bark is resting on the bottom entirely submerged. Many other vessels are battered and partially stripped of their rigging.

WATER WORKS AND SEWERS.

Messrs. McConnell & Marion, civil engineers, Montreal, have been selected as experts to inspect the water works and sewerage systems of St. Lamberts, Que., before their acceptance by the municipality.

SPAIN TAKES HER DOSE.

(Continued from page 1.)

provisions which must form part of the peace treaty as finally signed. These include the religious freedom of the Caroline islands, as agreed upon twelve years ago; the release of political prisoners now held by Spain in connection with the insurrections in Cuba and the Philippines; the taking over of the island of Kusaie or Ualan, in the Carolines, for telegraphic and naval stations; cable station rights at other points in Spain's jurisdiction; and the renewal of certain treaties previously in force between the United States and Spain which may have lapsed or been violated by the war.

AT POINT OF BAYONET.

Paris, Nov. 28.—The leading article in the Temps to-day is a column devoted to a severe arraigament of the American attitude toward Spain, in which America is made to appear as a merciless conqueror, imposing Draconian conditions on a helpless foe and "exacting the signature of a treaty at the point of the bayonet." The Temps adds: "The Spanish commissioners said in submitting that they protest to the civilized world against the spoliation of the weak by the strong."

GERMANY NOT PROTESTING.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Baron von Sternberg, charge d'affairs of Germany, called at the state department to-day and had a conference with Secretary Hay in the course of which the Baron took occasion to express the most friendly sentiments on the part of Germany concerning the resent state of affairs. The call was certainly significant as evidence that Germany is about to assume an attitude of protest, and to lay claim to the Sulu Islands, which are to be included in the negotiations at Paris. Baron von Sternberg's call gave rise to sensational published reports to the effect that he has presented a protest from Germany against American interference with the Sulu Islands. In view of these reports it was stated to-night in an authoritative paper that the Sulu Islands not mentioned during the talk, which was of a most general and friendly character.

EIGHTY SOULS MISSING.

Boston Agitated By Possible Loss of Passenger Steamer in Saturday's Gale.

Boston, Nov. 28.—The managers of the Boston and Portland steamship company stated to-day that there are grave doubts as to the safety of the steamer Portland, which sailed from here Sunday night.

Every harbor between here and Portland on the north shore has been heard from, and on the south shore, and in no case has the steamer been seen. The only remaining harbor she could have reached is Provincetown, on Cape Cod, and news from that port is anxiously awaited, as it is still impossible to reach that port by wire.

She carried sixty-five passengers and a crew of fifteen.

A DUTCH VIEW.

Dr. Kuyper of Amsterdam on the Question of the Philippines.

Rochester, Nov. 21.—An interview on the Philippine question with Dr. Abraham Kuyper of Amsterdam, Holland, who has been lecturing at Princeton University, and who for several days past has been a guest of the Rev. Dr. Taylor of this city, has a special interest because of his prominence in his own country and because he is about to confer with President McKinley on the same question. He is one of the professors of the Free University at Amsterdam, the editor of a religious and also a political journal, the leader of the anti-revolution party of Holland and a member of the lower house of the Dutch legislature.

When the recent war with Spain broke out the feeling in Holland was strongly in favor of Spain. Dr. Kuyper, who had taken the trouble to master the motives that actuated the United States, did everything in his power to counteract this feeling. What he has to say about the Philippines is, therefore, dictated by sympathy with the United States and an ardent desire to see them retain the position in the world that they now hold. He is opposed to the surrender of the islands to Spain, as it would provoke the resistance of the natives and cause great slaughter and bloodshed.

"It is your duty," he says, "to protect them. Neither can you dispose of them to any European power without provoking great international complications." Still, he does not think that they should be annexed. "I do not believe that the United States wants them," he continues. "You will find no end of trouble resulting if you make colonial possessions of them. You cannot establish your form of government there, and they will be very difficult to manage. You started out well, with high ideals, which, I fear, are changed, for we hear much of increased commerce and revenues and new markets for your exports. If you regard the Philippines as so much gain to yourselves, you are merely sinking as a moral power, descending to a lower plant of national life. Just as long as commerce goes in for a high moral standard it is all right."

Dr. Kuyper proposes, therefore, that the United States should help the natives establish a permanent government of their own. He thinks an American protectorate would promote their best interests, morai and material, believing evidently that the colonial policy that Holland has pursued should be the policy of the United States. In an address before the College Women's Club of this city he explained that policy at some length. He said that originally Holland had exploited her colonies for her own benefit. Now, however, she derives greater benefit by leaving them to the control of their own chiefs. In support of this statement, he pointed to the fact that the private companies trading with them frequently declare dividends of 100 per cent.

If, however, the United States should annex the Philippines, he thought that they would not be satisfied with them. The inference from his statement was that he believed that they would follow the example of England, France and Russia and annex other territory. It was his opinion that such a policy would result only disastrously to the United States and destroy the foundations upon which it had been built.

Emperor William is having made for his friend, the Sultan, a faithful imitation of his historic walking-stick of Frederick the Great. It is to be surmounted with a knot of massive gold and to be studded with diamonds.

James Gray, the newly elected mayor of Minneapolis, started in life as a newsboy. He earned enough money to secure for himself an education in the common schools and afterwards in the state university. After his graduation he became a reporter on the Minneapolis Times, then city editor and finally managing editor, which place he now holds.

STOCKS, METALS AND PRODUCE.

An Upward Spurt in New York Which Animates the London Market.

New York, Nov. 28.—The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "All the stock markets here were cheerful today with the rise in prices, the cheapness of money being the principal factor. Americans show no signs of reaction and there appears to be a little increase in the speculation account. Contangoes on Americans at the settlement to-day averaged about five per cent., but St. Paul was carried over at one per cent. The gold market was active to-day, £540,000 having been bought up outside for export to Germany and the demand being yet unsatisfied. Inquiries were received from New York as to the price of the metal, but as was 77s. 11d., no business was, of course, possible."

New York, Nov. 28.—An animated buying movement broke out in the last hours of the stock market which carried prices through the list buoyantly upwards. The demand was broad and better distributed than at any other time during the day and the market looked healthier and freer from manipulation and less congested in a few prominent stocks than at any time during the current upward movement.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	Nov. 26.	Nov. 28.
Amn. Tob	134⅞	136
Amn. Sugar	122⅝	122¼
Amn. Sugar pfd	..	112
Atchison, all paid	16¾	16⅝
Atchison pfd	45¾	47
Baltimore & Ohio	..	55¼
Canada Southern	54½	54½
Ches. & Ohio	23⅝	24
Chicago, B. & Q.	..	120½
Chicago & N. W.	..	140½
Chicago Gas	..	100⅝
C. R. I & Pac.	108½	108¾
C. M. & St. P.	113⅝	114½
Cons. Gas, N. Y.	187¾	188
C. C. C. & St. L.	41⅝	41⅞
Del. & Hudson	100	100⅛
Del., Lac. & West	143	144
Denver & Rio G.	18⅛	..
Denver & Rio G. pfd	64½	63¼
Erie	141	..
Gen. Elec	83	..
Illinois Central	113¾	..
Jersey Central	92¼	93
Lake Shore	193	..
Louisville & Nashville	62	63¼
Man. Elev	97	97⅝
Michigan Central	108	..
Mo. Pac	36¼	36⅝
M. K. & T. pfd	34¼	..
National Lead	31	..
National Lead pfd	..	111¼
North American	..	6¾
Nor. Pac. com. new	40¾	43
Nor. Pac. pfd	75⅝	76⅞
N. Y. C. & H.	119	119
N. Y. L. E. & W.	..	14
N. Y. Ont. & W.	16⅞	16½
Omaha com	87	86¾
Pac. Mail	37⅝	37⅛
Pullman	..	139
Reading	..	19½
Southern Railway com	..	10⅝
Southern Railway pfd	..	41
Tenn. Coal & Iron	30¾	40⅝
Texas & Pacific	15⅜	15½
U. S. Leather pfd	..	67¼
U. S. Rubber com	..	44
U. S. Rubber pfd	..	105½
Union Pacific receipts	37⅞	..
Wabash	8¼	7⅞
Wabash pfd	22⅞	22¾
Western Union	..	93¾
Met. St. Ry.	..	180
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	..	68
C. P. R. in London	87½	87⅞

ON MONTREAL EXCHANGE.

Commercial Cable	185	184⅞
C. P. R.	..	85
Montreal St. Ry.	..	276⅝
Montreal Gas	..	203¼

New York, Nov. 28.—Money on call 2 to 2½ per cent; last loan 2½; prime mercantile paper 3½ to 4½ per cent. Sterling Exchange weak, at $4.84½ to ¾ for demand, and at $4.81½ to ¾ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.82½ to $4.83 and $4.85½ to $4.86. Commercial Bills $4.80½ to $4.81.

New York, Nov. 28.—Silver Certificates 60½ to 61½c.; Bar Silver 59⅝c.; Mexican dollars 46½c.

Copper steady; brokers $12.75; exchange $12.85 to $13.10.

Lead very quiet; brokers $3.50; exchange $3.65 to $3.70.

Tin firmer; straits $18.50; plates quiet. Spelter firm; $5.25 to $5.35.

Rosin steady; strained common to good $1.45 to $1.50. Turpentine firm; 39½c. to 40c.

Pig Iron steady; Southern $10.25 to $11.75.

New York, Nov. 28.—Wheat closed March 74⅞c.; May 71¼c.; Dec. 73⅝c.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—Wheat closed, Nov. 66¼c.; May 66¼ to ⅝c.; Dec. 66¼ to ½c.

Corn, Nov. 33⅛c.; Dec. 33⅛c.; May 34½c.

Oats, Dec. 26¼c.; May 26¾c.

Pork, Dec. $7.80; Jan. $9.02½; May $9.22½.

Lard, Dec. $4.82½; Jan. $4.95; May $5.15.

Ribs, Dec. $4.42½; Jan. $4.55; May $4.67½.

LIQUOR ON PLEBISCITE DAY.

Montreal Action Arising Out of Its Sale Dismissed on Technical Grounds.

From the Montreal Witness.

Judge Curran rendered judgement this morning in the case of Henry Timmis v. Herbert Lewis. As already stated, this was one of the Qui Tam actions taken to recover the penalty imposed by law for infringement of the Dominion Elections Act, on the ground that defendant sold intoxicating liquor on the day when the plebiscite vote was taken, and that the provisions of said Elections Act applied under the plebiscite statue. The action was met with a demurrer, which was fully argued on Friday last, and reported in the Witness of the same date.

In rendering judgment this morning the Court held, in the first place, that the objection raised by the defence as to the unconstitutionality of section 83 of the Dominion Elections Act and section 6 of the Plebiscite Act could not stand, and both clauses must be declared not to be ultra vires. However, the further objection raised against the action, on the ground that the required affidavit had not been filed before taking out the action was a more serious one. To avoid collusion, a special law had been enacted requiring an affidavit previous to taking Qui Tam actions, by which it is declared that the proceedings about to be instituted are not with a view to protect the defendant and prevent other proceedings. This was a condition "sine qua non" for popular actions. The Court further held that the statute referred to applied in the present case, and the affidavit not having been given, the demurer must be maintained and the action dismissed.

NEW INVENTIONS.

Below will be found a list of new patents granted recently by Canadian and American governments the patents being secured through Messrs. Marion & Marion, solicitors of patents, New York Life building, Montreal, and reported by them for the benefit of our readers:

CANADA.

61,697—A. E. A. Smith and Carlos Worth, Stanstead, P.Q., check rein device.

61715.—Stanislas Rosenberg, Paris, France, ceramic decoration.

UNITED STATES.

613,499—W. J. Curry, Nanaimo, B.C., collapsible bed.

Call this week and get bargains in Millinery at the Sterling, 88 Yates street.

DIED.

SUTTON—At Victoria, B.C., on the 27th inst., Alfred Christopher, only son of Alfred Martin Sutton, M.B., of Nicola Lake, B.C., aged 11½ years.

The funeral will take place to-day (Tuesday) at 3 p.m., from No. 48 Rae street, and at Christ church cathedral a few minutes later.

English papers please copy.

PERSONAL.

D. Burns, of Calgary, arrived on the Princess Louise last evening and is a guest at the Driard.

R. B. Hughes, a well known resident of Winnipeg, is at the Dominion.

Thomas More, telegrapher at Shuswap, on the C.P.R., is spending a few days at the Dominion.

E. J. Coyle, D.P.A. of the C.P.R., came over from Seattle last evening and went to Vancouver this morning.

G. H. Hadwen, of Duncan, is at the Victoria.

R. T. Ward, of the Horsefly Hydraulic mine, arrived from San Francisco last evening.

Frank Richards, of the new direct San Francisco company, has been ill all last week with asthma. His daughter Eveline is with him. He is reported to be rapidly improving. Captain Bridgeman left on Sunday to accompany him from Vancouver.

R. A. Apenes, with H. Bell-Irving & Co., Vancouver, was in the city yesterday.

D. R. Ker, of the Brackman & Ker Milling Co., is visiting Edmonton, where his company has a large establishment.

J. R. Roy, resident Dominion engineer at New Westminster, has returned from California considerably benefited in health by its salubrious sunshine.

G. W. Cummings, of Detroit, who spent the greater part of November with friends in this city, has gone to Yokohama on the Olympian, for the purpose of installing a first-class steam laundry plant. Later on he intends to establish a similar industry at Hongkong, and thus will be seen the peculiar illustration of American inventive genius competing on their own ground with the cheap labor of the Chinese laundrymen. "We don't aim to do laundry work any cheaper in the Orient than the natives can do it," Mr. Cummings said just prior to his departure, "but we do it and will do it infinitely better."

W. G. Mackenzie is over from Vancouver.

J. J. Godfrey, of Vancouver, is a guest at the Driard.

H. A. Holmes left last evening for Rossland, having been transferred to that city by the Bank of British Columbia.

George M. Leishman, representing Ogilvie's flour mills, left last evening for Kootenay on a business trip.

J. K. Barker, of Quesnelle Forks, is at the Oriental.

Chief Justice McColl is a guest at the Oriental.

James McCrendell, representing a Liverpool ship-building firm, who has been in the city for several days, left for home yesterday.

H. Dempsey, of the Hotel Metropole, Vancouver, is a guest at the Victoria.

L. F. Warner, J. B. Hobson, A. Oakley, F. W. Alexander, J. F. Kirkland, W. P. Hall and G. W. Buyder, of Vancouver, are at the Driard. They are here in connection with cases to come before the Full court.

L. R. Symmes, of North Bend, is at the Victoria.

J. A. Donacher, of Vancouver, is a guest at the Victoria.

H. F. Keefer, of Vancouver, registered at the New England yesterday.

E. E. Wragge, an Ontario barrister, has arrived in the city to complete the six-months residence necessary to be called to the bar of British Columbia. In the office of Messrs. Langley & Martin, Mr. Wragge was an active member of the Argonaut Rowing Club and the University Football Club, Toronto.

No. 294.

A By-Law respecting the Qualification of Electors at Municipal Elections for the City of Victoria.

Whereas by sub-section (4) of section 6 of the "Municipal Elections Act," it is enacted that the Council of any Municipality may, by by-law, provide that electors otherwise qualified shall be entitled to vote, notwithstanding the non-payment of taxes, rates and assessments due or payable by such electors to the Municipality.

Therefore, the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. Electors otherwise qualified to vote at any Municipal Election in the Municipality of Victoria, shall be entitled to vote at such election, notwithstanding the non-payment of taxes, rates and assessments due or payable by such electors to the Municipality.

Sec. 2. The "Municipal Electors' By-Law, 1897" (No. 277), is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This By-Law may be cited as the "Municipal Electors' By-Law, 1898."

Passed the Municipal Council the 14th day of November, 1898.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 21st day of November, A.D. 1898.

(L.S.) CHAS. E. REDFERN. Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 21st day of November, A.D. 1898, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

no26

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made by the Edmonton District Railway Company to the Parliament of Canada at its next session for the passing of an Act to authorize the Company (in addition to the powers already conferred upon it) to construct and operate a line of railway from some point on the line of railway which it is already authorized to construct to either Yellow Head Pass or the Peace River Pass, and thence by such route as may be deemed most practicable to a Port in British Columbia, or to connect with the line of railway which the British Pacific Railway Company is authorized to construct, with authority to construct and operate a Branch Line to some point on the navigable waters of the Yukon River; also to change the name of the said Company to that of the "Edmonton, Yukon and Pacific Railway Company;" also to declare legal and valid the organization of the said The Edmonton District Railway Company, and to ratify and confirm the proceedings of the Shareholders and Directors thereof, and for such other powers and provisions as are incident to the above objects.

Dated at Saint John, N.B., this twenty-first day of November, A.D. 1898.

GERARD G. RUEL, Solicitor for Applicants.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.

GIRL WANTED—Apply 100 Quadra st., city. no29

A GENTLEMAN seeks light employment; salary not so much an object as genial occupation. Address "L.," Colonist no29

WANTED—By Japanese boys, situations, house and farm work. Apply Campbell Cabins, room 9, 33 Chatham st. no29

WANTED—To buy corner lot west of Cook, south of Chatham. Apply Stranger, Colonist. no29

YOUNG MAN would like room and board with private family, close to town. Apply D., Colonist office. n27

WANTED—Farm exchanged for small house. Address C., Colonist office. n27

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY—First-class experienced clerk; must be good penman and figurer; stenographer preferred. Apply, in own handwriting, P. O. Box 601. n27

WANTED—By experienced young man, position as shipping clerk, or tallyman preferred; wages low at start. Address P.O. Box 313, Victoria. n23

WANTED—A bright, intelligent lady, age about 30, with some capital, to travel, hire and train agents; references; permanent position for right person; investigation invited. Address Agent, Colonist office n23

HAVE your boots and shoes repaired by C. Nangle, the prize boot and shoemaker. He don't charge credit prices. Repairing depot, 56 Fort street. Jy12

HOME WORK FOR FAMILIES—We want the services of a number of families to do knitting for us at home, whole or spare time. We furnish $20 machine and supply the yarn free, and pay for the work as sent in. Distance no hindrance; $7 to $10 per week made, according to time devoted to the work. Write at once. Name references. Co-Operative Knitting Co., Toronto.

FOR SALE.

POTATOES 75cts. per 100. We have some fine apples—snows, pippins, baldwins and Bellflowers, etc.; a few dozen laying hens just in. Sylvester Feed Co., City Market. no29

FOR SALE—A two-oven French range; also quantity of store shelving at the old Times building, Yates street. no29

FOR SALE—A '98 lady's bicycle. Address Z., this office. n26

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—A farm of 160 acres, on the Mainland, with a comfortable hard-finished six-roomed cottage; all kinds of fruit; convenient to boats, railways, schools and churches. For particulars address B. W. Colonist office. n18

FOR SALE—A one buggy horse; also top buggy and harness. Apply M., this office. n10-tf

FOR SALE—A horse. Apply Thorpe & Co., Ltd., Victoria.

BUSINESS FOR SALE—Boomerang Saloon, Court Alley. Apply on the premises. n23

FOR SALE, CHEAP—Leaving the country. One of the most beautiful homes on Vancouver Island; on the Quamichan Lake; two miles from railway (Duncan); 69 or 118 acres, as desired; nearly half cleared; 13-room house (hot and cold water); large double barn and other buildings; close to first-class trout and salmon fishing, shooting, etc., also to good tennis club. Apply to L. D., 33 Birdcage Walk, Victoria, B.C. Oct. 30.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LETTERS FROM DAWSON CITY—J. J. Brady, leaving about Dec. 4, with dog teams; as a limited number only can be taken, early application is necessary for priority. Cover same. Apply office, Dawson Hotel. no29

MELISSA C. GIDEON, mental scientist; at home from 1 to 9 p.m. at 42 Humboldt street. n27

MRS. C. KOSCHE has returned from San Francisco, where she has taken a full course of lessons in FACE STEAMING AND MASSAGE, and will be pleased to receive lady customers; hair dressing; latest styles. 42 Government street, Victoria, B. C. n26

FURRIERS—Latest styles capes, collarets and necklets, all kinds furs made over; seal skins a specialty; raw furs bought and dressed; reasonable prices. S. Soupal, 34 Government street, Victoria.

MUSICAL.

PIANO TUNING, ETC.—Jesse A. Longfield (from Hopkinson's, England), tunes and repairs pianos, harmoniums, American organs, pipe organs, etc., on reasonable terms; prompt attention given to all orders. 166 Pandora avenue, Victoria, B. C. n18

PROF. KAUFFMANN, from Chicago—Piano, violin and mandolin. Room 77, Five Sisters block. Office hours, 2 to 3 p.m. Best references; moderate terms. n24

LODGES AND SOCIETIES.

SONS OF ENGLAND—Alexandra Lodge, A.O.U.W. Hall, 2nd and 4th Thursday. J. G. Taylor, Secretary. m18

SONS OF ST. GEORGE—2nd and 4th Monday in A.O.U.W. Hall. Englishmen welcome.

W.O.W. meets 1st and 3rd Fridays in A.O.U. Hall. W. Jackson, clerk.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Wednesday, Nov. 30th

THE ANGLO-AMERICAN SUCCESS, Sidney Grundy's masterpiece,

"Sowing the Wind"

The great SEX AGAINST SEX DRAMA. Indorsed by pulpit, press and public as the

Best Play of This Century

Presented in the same manner as seen for two years at the Haymarket theatre, London, and for 200 nights at the Empire theatre, New York.

Prices—25c., 50c., 75c. and $1.00.

Sale of seats opens Tuesday morning, November 29th, at 9 o'clock, at the Victoria Book & Stationery Store (late Jamieson's).

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO LET—A comfortably furnished bedroom, with modern conveniences. 55 Michigan street, James Bay. no29

TO LET—Nicely furnished rooms, single or in suit. Apply Mrs. F. B. Williams, Balmoral, Douglas street. no29

LARGE ROOM (furnished) to let, with or without board. 127 Menzies. no26

FURNISHER ROOMS; modern conveniences. 7 Blanchard street. n24

TO LET—Comfortable furnished rooms, single or double, with or without board, in a good locality; terms moderate. 51 Vancouver street. Please call any time in the morning. n18

TO LET.—A comfortable cottage of six rooms with gas, bathroom, hot and cold water, convenient to centre of city; will sell carpets and blinds. Address W., Colonist office. no2

LOST OR FOUND.

STRAYED—A black cow; left ear mark. The same can be had by paying expenses. Apply C. Little, Saanich road. If not claimed within ten days will be sold.

Roll Bacon
Spiced
Sweet Pickled
Hams
At
Jameson's,
33 FORT STREET

AT THE CITY COUNCIL.

Systematic Effort Urged to Put an End to the Naughty Boy Nuisance.

Tramway Company Have a Suggestion to Offer Respecting the Bridges.

The city council got through their weekly meeting last night in good time, and polished off a fair budget of business. One of the principal matters to come up was a letter from the manager of the tramway company with a suggestion bearing on the much-discussed bridge question. This communication was as follows:

Vancouver, Nov. 26.

To the Mayor and Aldermen, Victoria:

Gentlemen,—In view of the difficulties which have arisen with regard to the James Bay and Rock Bay bridges in the city of Victoria, now jointly used for ordinary traffic and by the cars of this company; and in further view of the advisability of some prompt action being taken within the time limit reported as safe by the city engineer, to provide for the future uninterrupted operation of our system over the said bridges, it has occurred to me to make the following respectful suggestion, which, if approved by the city authorities, I would immediately lay before my board of directors for their, as I trust, favorable consideration. Instead of this company, now under the provisions of its charter using the ordinary bridges of the city, with the obligation on the part of the city to maintain them in good repair and in safe condition, I would recommend my directors that our company build independent pile and trestle additions to the present bridges, or, if feasible, to any proposed new bridges over James Bay and Rock Bay, of sufficient strength to carry any of our cars with any number of passengers, and to be used for our traffic only, and we to take upon ourselves the complete maintenance of and responsibility for such bridges when constructed. And in regard to the Point Ellice bridge, I would suggest that until some definite decision has been arrived at as to the building of a permanent bridge at this point, the present temporary structure be strengthened in such manner as to allow our cars to carry across a full complement of passengers, without the now existing restrictions, which are equally annoying to passengers and derogatory to the good name of the city. As the building of the above-named additions to the James Bay and Rock Bay bridges would entail upon our company a large expenditure at once, and also the cost and responsibility of further maintenance, at the same time relieving the city from both, I would suggest that in part compensation the city agree to extend the present exemption from taxation on our real property within the city limits for a further period of five years. Trusting that your honorable body will give these suggestions your early consideration.

F. BUNTZEN,
General Manager.

Ald. Williams in regard to this, said it should be borne in mind that the running of the Douglas street cars to the city limits should be brought up when the other matters were discussed.

It was decided to table the letter and to have a special meeting to discuss it on Friday evening next.

Another letter read was from J. A. Sayward, making the following offer:

"If your honorable body will agree to rebuild the proposed new Rock Bay bridge on the present site, I will agree to furnish sufficient slabs, f. o. b. my wharf, to build a retaining wall of about 400 feet in length, 15 feet high and 8 feet wide, you to furnish labor to take said slabs from my wharf and place them in the wall. When such wall is completed, I will undertake to convey sufficient refuse, within two years from date of agreement, from my mill for filling said space to the height of the present bridge. Should you wish to continue the filling further out into the bay, I would furnish you sufficient slabs at a moderate cost, and fill the said space with refuse free of cost to the city."

This letter was referred to the special bridge committee and the city engineer for consideration.

The bad boy question was raised again in a letter from Mr. T. R. Smith, who does not want to have things drop back into a rut, now that the question has been brought to the front. Mr. Smith, in reference to his complaint about the boys daubing his fences with paint and otherwise disfiguring his property, said that the chief of police seemed powerless to cope with the boys, and nothing seemed to have been done by the city, although he had hoped some results would follow his letter to the council. Other property had since been disfigured.

Ald. Wilson thought that policemen in plain clothes could easily catch the boys. He knew of people giving the police information about boys using catapults, but nothing was done.

The Mayor—"The gentleman you refer to would not swear to an information."

Ald. Wilson said this was only one case in many. Let the police catch a few boys and have them well fined, and perhaps the parents would take steps to stop the nuisance.

Ald. Humphrey thought that there was a standing reward already offered, but if not he would make a motion to have a reward of $20 offered for the conviction of anyone doing damage to property.

Ald. Williams also favored this view.

Ald. Bragg was for allowing the police to adopt some plan for themselves—possibly to have some specials sworn in.

Ald. Humphreys' motion to offer a reward was carried.

J. N. Muir asked to have the water main extended to his desidence at Ross Bay. This was referred to the water commissioner for report.

A. L. Sherk asked for free water for a cyanide plant he proposed to put up near Foul Bay.

Ald. Williams was in favor of encouraging the project, but there arose the difficulty of the city not being able to grant free water.

Ald. Kinsman, seconded by Ald. Williams, moved that the writer be informed that the city had no power to give the water free, but if pipes were laid by Mr. Sherk, water would be sold to him.

This was carried.

The provincial secretary informed the council of the appointment of Mr. H. G. Hall as police magistrate at a salary of $100 per month. In connection with this, the Attorney-General apologized for not having informed the council when he suspended Mr. Macrae, the excuse being that pressure of business made him overlook it. At the same time the Attorney-General asked permission for the police magistrate to use the city police court for provincial cases.

Ald. Humphrey moved that this request be granted.

The mayor advised that if this were done it should be distinctly understood that the city police clerk should not have to act in these cases.

With the understanding that only the mere use of the room would be allowed, the request was granted.

The water commissioner reported on a petition presented a short time ago that the cost of extending water pipe on Moss street would be $2,250.

The petitioners will be informed that the outlay is too large to allow of their request being granted at present.

The water commissioner reported on the request for the use of the house near Elk lake for a school, that the site was not suitable owing to its proximity to the lake.

The trustees of South Saanich will have a copy of this report forwarded to them.

The request by H. R. Young and others to connect their water closets with the drain on Michigan and Superior streets was refused.

A number of recommendations were made by the street committee. Among these were a drain on the south side of Chatham street, east of Government; 300 feet of cinder sidewalk on South road; 500 feet cinder sidewalk on Shakespeare street; 300 feet sidewalk on Superior street, between St. Lawrence and Montreal; 300 feet cinder sidewalk on Fort street, from Cook street east; that $200 be spent on Douglas street, north of the fountain; and that the crossing in front of Jones' drug store be raised to the level of the street.

This was adopted, Ald. Phillips at the same time mentioning the desirability of putting cinder sidewalks on the north side of Fort street, from Cook to Quadra.

The payments into court by-law was re-considered and finally passed—the only by-law to come up.

There was some little discussion on Ald. Williams' motion to find out from the department of marine and fisheries if arrangements could be made for the Dominion boiler inspector to inspect boilers in the city. In support of his motion Ald. Williams said he had received a letter from an engineer since he posted up the motion, calling his attention to the necessity of some such inspection, and instancing one boiler only a few blocks from the city hall.

Ald. Wilson, while giving Ald. Williams credit for his desire to have the boilers inspected, believed that it should be the Provincial and not the Dominion government which should make the appointment.

Ald. Phillips and other aldermen spoke favorably of the object it was sought to attain by the resolution, and it carried, with the addition that the Dominion inspector should act till the provincial inspector was appointed.

Ald. Wilson, before adjournment, directed attention to the desirability of the gas company, water commissioner, tramway company and sewerage committee being informed that it was intended to pave Fort street, so that there would be no tearing up of the pavement after it was once down, to lay pipes or rails.

The mayor replied that this had not been lost sight of, and the council adjourned.

Karl's Clover Root Tea, for Constipation it's the best, and if after using it you don't say so, return the package and get your money. Sold by Cyrus H. Bowes.

Boys' Pea Jackets, $1.25, $1.75, $2.25; Boys' Overcoats, $2.25, $. 7 Williams & Co.

A Brave Soldier

Tells How He Contracted Rheumatism on Service.

His Sufferings Were Terrible, and He Could Get No Relief till He Began Using Dodd's Kidney Pills--Then His Cure Came Quickly.

Windsor, Nov. 28.—"I have suffered for many years from chronic Rheumatism," writes Mr. F. G. Fenton, of this city. "I have seen active service on different occasions, in different climates, and the hardships I have borne sowed the seeds of the disease in my system, and nourished it, till it had me completely in the toils. I went through the Northwest campaign, 1885, and after my return home, I thought I would never be of use again.

"My sufferings were past the power of words to describe. Every joint was a furnace of fiery, burning pain. Every movement seemed to tear my flesh asunder. I used remedy after remedy, but with always the same result—THEY CURED ME.

"I have served in the 33rd (British) Regiment, through an Indian campaign, and in No. 2 Co., R.R.C.I., and my comrades in the latter corps can vouch for the truth of these statements."

Mr. Fenton is a man who has earned an honorable record in the service of his Queen and country. He knows whereof he speaks, and his word cannot be doubted. Is not his experience with Dood's Kidney Pills enough to prove beyond dispute that Dodd's Kidney Pills are the one, the only cure on earth for Rheumatism?

Dodd's Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists at fifty cents a box, six boxes $2.50, or sent, on receipt of price, by The Dodds Medicine Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

A First Taste Is a sure fore-runner of many to follow.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Captivates and holds in everlasting captivity on a "Tea Pot" test. Lead packets only. 40c., 50c., 60c. Never in bulk.

Ask Your Grocer for It.

"THE WIND SHE BLEW"

The Big Steamer of the Northern Pacific Fleet Completes a Rough Voyage.

Opportunity for Victorians to Visit the Texada Mines—The Queen City Coming.

The big and handsome steamship Glenogle, Capt. J. McGillivray, completed on Sunday morning an exceptionally rough and consequently unpleasant voyage from the ports of China and Japan, being under charter for this and five successive voyages to the N. P. S. S. Co. The Glenogle is a vessel of 3,750 tons gross or 2,400 net register, and as fine an example of the modern freighter with limited passenger accommodation as can be found on the Pacific. It is her first visit to these parts, and her cargo space was all fully occupied. Included in the consignments are the first of the new season Japanese oranges, which are larger and better in color than last year's crop, while they at the same time promise to be just as cheap. In the saloon the Glenogle had as passengers Capt. Frederick Keye, U. S. V., who is returning on leave from Manila to his home at Fargo, N. D.; A. Schaeffer and D. S. Richards, Jr., of San Francisco; and Richard White, of Los Angeles. The Glenogle is by far the largest vessel under the N. P. flag, and formerly ran in the Asiatic-European tea trade, where she held the broom for speed. She will probably remain in her present service until replaced by the Alaska, an elegant new company-owned steamer fresh from the builders' hands.

A GLORIOUS OPPORTUNITY.

A glorious opportunity to Victorians who are interested, directly or indirectly, to visit the mines of Texada and the neighboring islands is offered by the arrangements for the next trip of the City of Nanaimo, the splendidly appointed steamer of the Victoria-Nanaimo and Islands run. She is to leave her wharf here at 8 p.m. on Saturday, arriving at Texada by daylight, and giving her passengers the entire Sunday, as she does not leave for home until evening, arriving back Monday morning. The fare for the round trip, inclusive of meals and berth, has been placed at $10.

MARINE NOTES.

The little steamer Queen City, of the C. P. N. fleet, will be home this morning from a trip to Skagway and return that has consumed 20 days, and which has undoubtedly been uncommonly rough, as even the big City of Topeka had none too smooth a run through Queen Charlotte sound, and only arrived on the Sound Sunday. The Queen City was seen by the Topeka's officers and passengers at Skagway, and while the larger vessel was making her call at Juneau, the Canadian boat shortened distance, and preceded her to Wrangel. She left that port only a few hours ahead of the Topeka, but was not passed or sighted by that steamer on the down trip. Yesterday she passed Comox all right, and will therefore be home to-day.

Steamer Willapa sailed for Coast points on Sunday evening. She will stop at all calling stations between Victoria and Cape Scott.

The Seattle liner Kinshin Maru left Yokohama for the Sound, via this port, on the 18th instant.

It is expected that the City of Kingston will be back on the Victoria-Tacoma route by December 15.

The steamer Farallon will leave here to-day for Mary Island, Wrangel, Ketchikan, Juneau, Skagway and Dyea. *

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

.....THE.....

White Pass and Yukon

ROUTE.

The Pacific and Arctic Railway and Navigation Co.
British Columbia Yukon Railway Co.

From Skaguay, Alaska, to the Summit of White Pass in a comfortable Railway Train.

THE DANGERS, DIFFICULTIES AND DELAYS OF THE OLD METHODS OF REACHING THE

Klondike and new Atlin Gold Fields

NOW OVERCOME.

SHIP YOUR FREIGHT BY RAIL.

We are now prepared to carry Passengers and Freight by Rail from SKAGUAY TO WHITE PASS, on the railway now being built to Fort Selkirk, and guarantee delivery at the lakes. Goods shipped through in bond.

THE MOST DIRECT ROUTE.

....FOR....

Passenger and Freight Rates

Apply to any of our Agents or

H. M. McCARTNEY, Gen. Pass. and Freight Agent, Skaguay, Alaska
J. H. GREER, Commercial Agent, 16 Trounce Avenue Victoria, B.C.
L. H. GRAY, Gen. Traffic Mgr Dexter Horton Bldg. Seattle, Wash.

Send two cents in stamps to any of our agents for our new map of the Atlin Gold Fields.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

CITY TICKET OFFICE
75 Government St.

Leave....via "SS. KINGSTON"....Arrive.
8 a.m. 6 a.m.
Connecting at Seattle with Overland Express.
J. H. ROGERS, Agt.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

TAX SALE

The attention of real property owners and others is directed to the list, now published in the Victoria Daily Times, of lands and improvements within the city of Victoria to be sold on Tuesday, the 29th day of November inst. at 12 o'clock noon, at the City Hall, Victoria, B. C., for arrears of taxes, interest and costs, unless in the meantime the same be paid.

CHAS. KENT,
Collector.

Victoria, B. C.,
City Hall.
City Treasurer and Collector's Office,
November 21st, 1898.

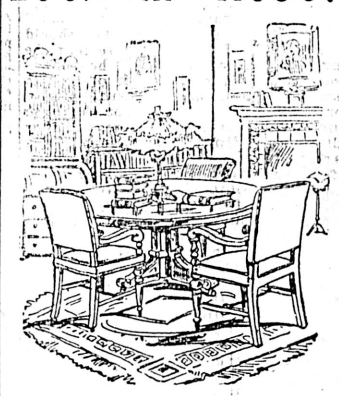
CHAS. HAYWARD

Funeral Director and Embalmer

92 Government St., Victoria

The Largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province

Look at These!



Money saving prices for you in buying your Furniture from us, especially for the man who toils for his dollars as most of us do. Our line has never been more complete, nor with greater range from high to low prices.

Also, just arrived from Manufacturers in England over 8,000 yards of Carpet in endless variety in designs and colors. Call and convince yourself.

THE B.C. FURNITURE CO.
JACOB SEHL Manager

THE

J. C. McLaren Belting Co.

Pure Oak Tanned

BELTING

Forty years experience in the belting business has placed our goods as the first on the market.

Montreal, Toronto

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
Of British Columbia, Ltd.

Head Office and Wharf, Vancouver, B.C.

NORTHERN B. C. PORTS, FORT WRANGEL AND SKAGWAY.—S.S. Cutch will leave for Port Simpson and way ports on the 5th and 19th of each month at 3 p.m., and will proceed to Skagway when inducement offers.

COAST SETTLEMENTS.—S.S. Comox sails every Tuesday at 9 a.m., and every Thursday and Saturday at 11 a.m. for Texada Island, Lund, Shoal Bay and way ports.

S.S. COQUITLAM sails every Tuesday at 9:30 a.m. for Port Neville, and every Friday at 3 p.m. for Texada Island, Lasqueti Island, calling at all intermediate ports each trip.

MOODYVILLE AND NORTH VANCOUVER FERRY.—Leaves Vancouver 8:35, 10, 11:20, 1:15 p.m. 3:15, 5:15, 6:20. Leaves Moodyville 8, 9:15, 10:45, 12 noon, 2, 4 and 5:45 p.m., calling at North Vancouver each way, excepting noon trip.

Freight steamer, S.S. Capilano, 300 tons d.w. capacity; also tugs and scows always available for towing and freighting business. Large storage accommodation on company's wharf. Telephone 94.

H. DARLING, Manager.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

The Company's elegant steamships Queen, Walla Walla and Umatilla, carrying H.B.M. mails, leave Victoria 8 p.m. Nov. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Dec. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Jan. 4, and every fifth day thereafter.

Leave San Francisco for Victoria, B.C. 10 a.m. Nov. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Dec. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Jan. 1, and every fifth day thereafter.

FOR ALASKA

The elegant steamships Cottage City, City of Topeka and Al-Ki leave Port Townsend, p.m., Nov. 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26 Dec. 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31, Jan. 5, and every fifth day thereafter. The Alaska steamer will call at Victoria p.m. same dates, if sufficient business offers.

For further information obtain folder. The company reserves the right to change without previous notice steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing.

R. P. RITHET & Co., Agts., Victoria.
J. F. TROWBRIDGE, P. S. Supt., Seattle.
GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., General Agents, San Francisco.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry

SPECIAL TRIP TO TEXADA

STEAMSHIP.

"CITY OF NANAIMO"

Will sail from Janion Wharf, 8 p.m.

Saturday, Dec. 3

Returning will leave Texada Sunday evening, arriving Victoria daylight Monday.

This will allow passengers a full day to visit the various mines on the Island.

Fare for the Round Trip $10, Including Meals and Berths

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Traffic Manager.

W. Pellew-Harvey & Co.

Assayers, Mining Engineers, Metallurgists.

VICTORIA, B. C.

We have pleasure in notifying the mining public that a branch of the old established Vancouver office of W. Pellew-Harvey, F.C.S., etc., has been opened at Victoria. Mr. Atholl F. McEwen, F.C.S., late chemist and assayer with Mr. Edgar Jackson, F.I.C., A.R.S.M., the well known metallurgist of London, and lately assayer and chemist to the Cassiar Central Railway Company, will be in charge of this branch of the business. Address P. O. Box 304. n24

Are You Going EAST?

IF SO TAKE THE

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

..AND..

SOO PACIFIC LINE

THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE....

For through tickets to all points, at always lowest rates, call on

B. W. GREER, Agent.
Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

Special Tourist Sleeper

Via the

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

To

St. John, N B.

Leaves the Coast every Thursday to connect with Atlantic steamers....

For full particulars, sailings, rates, etc., and tickets by all steamship lines, call on or address,

B. W. GREER,
Steamship Agent
Cor. Gov't and Fort Streets.

BRITISH COLUMBIA EXPRESS

CO., Limited

Ashcroft, B.C.,
Cariboo and Lillooet

STAGE TRAVEL

Clinton and way points, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
All points in Cariboo, Monday.
Lillooet direct, Monday and Friday.
Through and return tickets at reduced rates. Special conveyances furnished.
The through semi-weekly trips to Barkerville and return cease on 31st October, and will not be resumed until 15th May next.

S.S. CUTCH

will sail to

Shoal Bay, Rivers Inlet, Skeena River, Wrangel Skagway and way ports

On 4th and 18th of Every Month

From Porter's Wharf

For rates and particulars apply to
HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,
Agents, Victoria

Canadian Pac. Navigation Co. Ltd

WHARF ST., VICTORIA.

TIME TABLE, NO. 37

Takes effect October 1, 1898.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 1 o'clock. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. train No. 1.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2, going east Monday. For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock. Leave New Westminster for Victoria—Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th, each month, at 8 o'clock; and for Skidgate on 1st of

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer Willapa leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports the 1st, 7th, 14th and 20th of each month, extending latter trips to Quatsino and Cape Scott.

KLONDIKE ROUTE.

Steamers leave weekly for Wrangel, Juneau, Dyea and Skagway.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, Gen. Agent.

Honotulu and Hilo

British-American Line.

SS. GARONNE

(4,000 tons.)

C. G. CONRADI, Commander.

Sails for Hilo and Honolulu on November 15th and the 15th of each month thereafter.

For freight and passage apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,
64 Government Street,
Victoria, B. C.

When Going East

Take the

.....DENVER & RIO GRANDE RAILROAD

Scenic Line of the World

Through personally conducted excursions between Portland, Ore., and Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago, Boston and New York are run four days of each week.

A ride through the Famous Colorado Scenery. For all information as to rates of fare, etc., call on or address RICHARD HALL, Agt O. R. & N. Co., Victoria, B.C.

R. C. NICHOL, Gen. Agt,
D. & R. G. Ry, Portland, Oregon

NORTHERN PACIFIC
YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE

TO

Spokane, Rossland, Nelson, Kaslo, Sandon, Grand Forks, Kettle River Helena, Butte, St. Paul, Chicago,

and all points East & south.

....RUNS....

PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS,
ELEGANT DINING CARS,
UPHOLSTERED TOURIST
.....SLEEPING CARS

Quick Time
Good Service
Rates as Low
As Via
Other Lines

For all information, time cards, maps, etc, call on or address

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agt.,
Victoria, British Columbia.

A. D. CARLTON,
Assistant General Passenger Agt.,
225 Morrison street, Portland Or.

ESQUIMALT & NANAMO RAILWAY CO.

NOTICE.

The advertised year and conditions for acquiring the surface rights of mineral claims having expired on June 1st,

PROSPECTORS AND MINERS

can still make arrangements for acquiring the same by personal or written application to the Company's Land Office, Victoria.

LEONARD H. SOLLY,
Land Commissioner.

Victoria, B. C., June, 1898.

OCEANIC Steamship Company

S. S. AUSTRALIA sails for Honolulu Wednesday, Dec. 14, at 2 p.m.

S. S. MOANA sails via Honolulu and Auckland for Sydney, Wed., Nov. 30, at 10 p.m.

Line to Coolgardie, Australia, and Capetown, South Africa.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS CO.,
Agents, San Francisco.

CANADIAN DEVELOPMENT CO. Ltd

Steamers "Victorian," "Columbian," "Canadian," "Anglian," "Australian," "Tasmanian," Etc., Etc.

This company's fleet of steamers is now on the upper waters of the Yukon. Fastest, most commodious boats on the river; electric light and every convenience; accommodation for 250 passengers and 200 tons of freight.

Steamer "Canadian" is now laid up at Hootalinqua Post, foot of Thirty-Mile river. Freight for Dawson will be received on board at shipper's risk on and after February 1st, 1899. This boat will leave for Dawson on or about May 10th, or immediately after opening of Lewis river, reaching Dawson at least one month before navigation on the upper lakes is open, and at least two months earlier than communication via St. Michael can be established.

Through connection from Coast points to Dawson via Lake Bennett.

For freight and passage apply to the company's office, 32 Fort street, Victoria, B. C.

H. MAITLAND KERSEY,
Managing Director.

Alberni & Barclay Sound

STEAMBOAT SERVICE.

Steamer Willie W. E. HOLMES Master

will leave Huff's wharf, Alberni, every Monday and Thursday at 7 a.m., for Ecool, calling at Hayes' Camp, Uchucklesit and all other places where freight or passengers may offer; returning to Alberni the same evening.

For special trips, freight and passenger rates apply to the captain on board, or to G. A. Huff, Alberni.

The Colonist.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1898.

Published by

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.,

Limited Liability.

No. 27 Broad Street Victoria, B.C.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager.

THE LAW OF ENGLAND.

Attorney-General Pollock, speaking in the British House of Commons in regard to criticisms made in regard to Lord Abinger, one of Her Majesty's judges, said:

"Lord Abinger's conduct is a fair subject of public discussion, and he is responsible to public opinion. This holds a salutary check over judicial conduct and over the conduct of public functionaries of all kinds."

Sir George Jessel, one of the greatest jurists who ever occupied a seat upon the British bench, said:

"I say that a judge should be most careful to see that a cause cannot be fairly prosecuted to a hearing unless this extreme mode of dealing with persons brought before him on accusations for contempt of court should be adopted."

The News-Advertiser, which holds that the British constitution does not apply to British Columbia, claims that no newspaper may criticize the act of a judge.

UNFAIR COMMENTS.

We wish to draw attention to the fact that the News-Advertiser attempts to prejudice the mind of the public and of the court against the Colonist, by an article reproduced elsewhere.

We also print the article from the Times, to which reference was made in the Colonist on Sunday. These two articles bristle with vindictiveness and partizan spite.

In quoting these extracts, without abating on jot or title of its claim that the free people of the British realm have the right to criticize the public acts of public men, the Colonist affirms that the interpretation put by the Times and News-Advertiser upon the language of the articles, for which proceedings in contempt have been taken, is a false and malicious interpretation, and is warranted neither by the plain and ordinary meaning of the language employed, nor by any construction that can be placed upon it, but is a base and unwarranted ascription of motives to the Colonist by the Times and the News-Advertiser, controlled respectively by Senator Templeman and Finance Minister Cotton, with the intent of prejudicing Messrs. Ellis and Lugrin before the court and before the bar of public opinion, and for the express purpose of using the Supreme court of British Columbia for the furtherance of their political ends and their private animosities.

THE UNIT OF REPRESENTATION.

Our correspondent, "J. P. B.," directs attention to the probable unit of representation after the next decennial census. He is not quite correct in saying that the Colonist took the unit of distribution at the last census as its guide. The Colonist was discussing a proposition laid down by the Columbian, and for the purpose of meeting its contemporary's argument, accepted the unit suggested by the Columbian. We expressly stated that we had not verified the calculation. Yet on looking into the matter it appears that our correspondent is right and that the unit suggested by the Columbian is substantially that employed at the last census. It is obvious that this is likely to be altered in 1901.

In 1891 the population of Quebec was 1,488,853. The increase in the previous decade was less than 10 per cent. If we assume an increase of 10 per cent. for the current decade, Quebec's population in 1901 will be 1,637,380. This divided by 65, the fixed number of representatives for Quebec, gives a unit of representation substantially 25,000. British Columbia would not, therefore, be entitled to seven members until its population exceeds 162,500, that is, until it is more than six and a half times the unit.

We have already shown that from the best data now available the population of the province will reach 164,000 by July 1st, 1899, and if the Vancouver World is right about the present population of Vancouver, the figures ought to be 167,000. Either number is more than sufficient to entitle us to seven representatives. There is a fair prospect that by July 1st, 1901, we may have at least 200,000 population. This estimate is not at all unreasonable. It only calls for an increase of 33,000 people in two years. If the prospects of railway construction are realized this increase will be more than made. This would entitle us to eight representatives after the next census, provided that the population of Quebec has not increased more than 15 per cent., which is improbable. We think that the more the matter is looked into, the more clearly it will appear that, if it is constitutional to interfere with the representation of the province at the next session of parliament, British Columbia might properly be given another representative, and that after 1901 the province will be entitled to at least two more members that it now has.

THE CANADIAN WATERWAYS.

Considerable attention is being directed in New York just now to the formidable competition which the Canadian water route to the ocean is making against the rail route via New York. It is pointed out, whereas a few years ago New York controlled 57 per cent. of the ocean traffic of the United States, its share has fallen to 45 per cent. In other words New York is not keeping pace with the rest of the country. A considerable portion of this loss is accounted for by the business diverted by the Canadian canals. The remedy proposed is to improve the Erie Canal and New York harbor. Something may be accomplished in this way, but the fact remains that the St. Lawrence is the great natural summer highway from the ocean to the centre of the continent, and if commerce is provided a means by which it can find its way along this route, anything which New York can do will not be sufficient to keep an enormous and constantly increasing share of the trade of the Middle West from seeking Canadian channels. The Canadian canal system will not be complete until large ocean going steamers can during the season of navigation sail to the head of Lake Superior and there take on cargoes for any part of the world. This is possible now to vessels of a certain tonnage. It ought to be made possible for vessels of large size, for the time has come when large vessels will do the carrying trade of the world. Nothing more fully justifies the course pursued by the Conservative government in regard to the canals than these statements from New York. The public will watch with greater interest to see if the present government is able to keep the vantage ground already gained and meet any effort that may be put forward in New York or elsewhere to divert traffic from the Dominion.

FAIR PLAY TO BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The Columbian is much impressed by the claim made by the Colonist for an additional per capita allowance for British Columbia pending the taking of the next census, but asks how we would suggest that the government can arrive at an estimate of the population until a census has been taken. It does not occur to us that this is a very difficult matter. All the world knows that there has been a great increase in the population since 1891, and that this increase is going on. This increase being of an exceptional character, exceptional treatment is called for. There is no necessity for a close enumeration of the population. If the federal government thinks it right that the province should receive some consideration, the ministers can, with the assistance of the members from the province and the local government, easily arrive at an amount that would be reasonable under the circumstances. Parliament would accept the assurance of the ministry that there is good ground for believing that such an increase has taken place as might be agreed upon.

The method by which the increase should be got are the same as the Columbian or the Colonist would adopt in a like case. A Kootenay gentleman, who called on the Colonist last week, made a list of the towns in that portion of the province and appended to each a very conservative estimate of the population. When he had added it up he said: "There are thirty thousand people living where, when I came to the country six years ago, there were not five hundred." It is easy to make an estimate of the towns which have sprung into existence since 1891. It is easy to make a moderate estimate of how many people live in them. It is easy to ascertain whether Victoria, Vancouver, Nanimo, New Westminster and the towns along the C.P.R. have gained much in population since 1891. The calculation need not be close. British Columbia would be content with a reasonable measure of fair play. The Dominion government, if it sees fit, can without any difficulty present a case to parliament which will warrant a request for an additional allowance to this province. This, we remind the Columbian, rests not only upon the great increases in our population, but upon the large proportionate contribution which the people of British Columbia pay into the federal revenue. The request is not for the application of the rule laid down in the B. N. A. act, but for a measure of reasonable fair play in keeping with the very greatly altered conditions of the province since 1891.

BRITISH COLUMBIA MINES.

In the course of an appreciative article upon mining investments in British Columbia, the Toronto Globe says that mining in this province has passed out of "the placer stage." We take exception to this expression, although not to the idea which the Globe desired to convey when using it. The idea of our Toronto contemporary was to draw a distinction between the speculative nature of placer mining and the investment character of producing lode mines, a distinction which cannot be too strongly impressed upon the public mind. It has already been demonstrated that many of our gold and silver lode mines are good investments for other than speculative purposes. As is the case with every other investment that can be named, there is always a possibility that a mine will cease to pay dividends, but a man takes no greater risk in putting his money into a paying British Columbia gold or silver mine than in investing it in anything else.

But while this is true, British Columbia has far from passed out of the "placer stage." Placer mining will for years to come occupy a very prominent place in our provincial industries. A vast area, an area to be measured only by scores of thousands of square miles remains substantially unprospected. No one suspected the existence of the placers at Atlin, yet we now know that a large area of excellent ground exists there. How extensive it is only several seasons' operations can determine. Hundreds of creeks, gulches, bars and benches have not yet been disturbed by the prospector's pick all over central and northern British Columbia. For an area almost as great as Ontario the placer stage in British Columbia has not yet begun.

Moreover the possibilities before hydraulic mining in this province are great and have only been very meagerly utilized. We are aware that the Globe would not desire to underrate these. What is ordinarily called placer mining is always more or less of a speculation, but hydraulic mines are as safe an investment as lode mines and sometimes even more so. The extent of a gold-bearing gravel deposit, its richness to the cubic yard, evenness of the distribution of the gold, the cost of saving it and the other primary factors going to determine the value of a hydraulic proposition can all be ascertained in advance with a very close approximation to absolute accuracy. No one will pretend to limit the extent of the hydraulic propositions in British Columbia. They are known to be many and very extensive, although the exploitation of most of them will depend upon the improvement of the facilities for transportation.

The Winnipeg Bulletin says that the utterances of a party organ have about as much weight as a party pamphlet. We suppose that, as a matter of fact, there are very few papers in Canada, that can be called "organs." What we understand by a party organ is one that whose expressions can be taken to commit its party to the views expressed. Canada has few such papers. Another definition might be that a party organ is a newspaper, which expresses no opinion without first ascertaining how some political leader views the subject matter. There are more papers of this class than of the other. We fancy, however, that most papers are like the Colonist, committed to one party or the other in a general way, and making the best battle they can for the interests of their party without prejudicing what they think are the interests of the country. Most newspaper men know that public opinion is not formed by bald assertions, but by a process of growth. Every newspaper man who has attempted to lead public opinion, will bear us out in saying that it is the constant moderate presentation of a case that wins in the long run. All attempts to force public opinion are attended with great risk. The public know how to discriminate between sincerity and partizanship.

Theoretically there ought to be $700,000,000 of gold coin in the United States. This amount is arrived at by adding up the various amounts coined by the mints since coinage began. As a matter of fact there it not nearly this amount in the country as far as any one can find out. An estimate was made some time ago which showed that there was probably less than $400,000,000 all told in circulation, that is theoretically in circulation. Gold coin held in the banks or the United States treasury is theoretically in circulation, because it is available for circulation at any time. It would be an interesting thing to discover where the rest of the coinage has gone to. About one half the gold coins issued from the United States mints have disappeared. A certain proportion have been exported, but the greater part of the exported gold is in the shape of bullion and not as coin, for there is always a slight loss on coin due to abrasion, which makes it undesirable for purposes of export. Of the coin exported a large proportion has been brought back again. It will probably remain an insoluble problem to determine where such a vast amount of missing coin has gone in less than fifty years. Think of it. About $7,000,000 of gold has disappeared every year in the United States during the last half century.

If Mr. J. M. Brown has correctly reported his discovery of a human skeleton near Atlin lake, he has literally unearthed something of extraordinary interest. He speaks of digging below the remains of "an extinct glacier." The extinction of a glacier implies a great climatic change and a long lapse of time. The three feet of moss imply many years during which vegetation was undisturbed. The accumulation of two feet of soil below the moss implies another long period of rest. The hardened glacier dust calls for a still longer period. Beneath these the skeleton is said to have been found. If this is an accurate statement the skeleton is pre-glacial. What antiquity this would imply is purely a matter of conjecture. Glacial action has been more recent in the Pacific Northwest than elsewhere. In fact it is going on at present in more than a hundred different localities. It is to be hoped that Mr. Brown will make as full a statement as possible of his discovery.

The News-Advertiser thinks it has completely answered the Colonist's contention, that the police magistrate of Victoria should have a salary large enough to live on and be forbidden to practice his profession, by pointing out that Attorney-General Eberts took a contrary view in regard to the similar office in Vancouver. We do not know that this proves anything except that Mr. Eberts thought a few years ago in regard to Vancouver the same of the present attorney-general thinks now in regard to Victoria. The Colonist thinks they are both wrong, that is, if Mr. Eberts holds the same opinion now as he did then.

The attention of the weather bureau is directed to the rather variegated article which it has been giving Victoria lately. Variety is all right, but such crazy-quilt weather as we have had during the last week is rather more than people care to experience ofr more than a day or two at a time.

The Vancouver World says it is understood that the Lieutenant-Governor insisted that the decapitation process shall be suspended until after the house meets, and that if the government is sustained the guillotine will be oiled up and a veritable reign of terror be inaugurated. Happily there is no likelihood of the government being sustained.

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Ottawa now claims a population of 56,000, an increase of 26,000 in fourteen years. How do our Ottawa contemporaries account for this?

PROCEEDINGS IN CONTEMPT.

Grossly Outrageous Comments by Two Leading Government Organs.

From the Vancouver News-Advertiser.

We cannot too strongly condemn the contents of an article which appeared a few days ago in the Colonist in reference to the fact that Mr. Justice Martin is hearing the East Lillooet election petition case. On the ground that Mr. Justice Martin, before his elevation to the bench, took a part in the recent provincial elections, the Colonist practically suggests that it is improper for him to hear any case connected with the elections. It does not venture to say that Mr. Justice Martin has given the least indication that he will permit past political affiliations to have any weight with him in the performance of his duties as a member of the judiciary. Still less does it pretend that there has been any intimation from any quarter that such a thing is probable. But all the same it attempts in the most cowardly manner to cast a slur on the youngest member of the Supreme court bench by insinuating that the proper course to pursue under the circumstances would be for him to refuse to hear any of these election cases. It would be difficult to conceive a more contemptible course for anyone to adopt—to insinuate something without the least pretence that there is any justification for such an insinuation. The Colonist knows very well that it is impossible for Mr. Justice Martin to defend himself against attacks of this kind. Were it otherwise, it is improbable even its senseless rage at the disaster which has overtaken it and its party would have caused the Colonist to make an attack on a member of the judiciary, which every honest and fair-minded person, whatever his political predilections, must most strongly condemn.

The article is the more inexcusable because it is only a few weeks since the Colonist went out of its way to deprecate a suggestion made, we think, by Mr. Justice Martin himself that it might be considered in better taste if he should refuse to preside over any of these election cases. The Colonist was not able then to see any reason for such a course, and plainly said so. What has caused such a change in its views as is disclosed by this contemptible and cowardly insinuation that Mr. Justice Martin is likely to have his conclusions warped by past political sympathies? It is not difficult to give an answer. Because the fool's paradise in which the Colonist has been living has been destroyed by the result of the Esquimalt election case. Disappointment has made it desperate, and it is reckless in the distribution of its abuse. The revelations—partial though they were, on account of the abandonment of the seat by the opposition candidate—in the Esquimalt case, showed conclusively the methods adopted by members and supporters of the late government to retain power. There is little difference between such methods and attacks like that of the Colonist on Mr. Justice Martin. Both must be condemned. Both will be regarded as something that cannot be tolerated in the conduct of decent and honest politics.

There is still another phase of this matter. That is the attempt to bring the judiciary into disrepute in order to further political ends. In no country in the world is there more anxiety to maintain a high standard of morality an integrity in the judiciary than is found in the British Empire. It is not enough that that high standard of excellence is attained. It is contra bonos mores to hint that a declination from it is possible. The Colonist's offence is, therefore, of the rankest kind. It cannot obliterate the recollection of its fault, but it can extenuate it in some degree by a complete withdrawal of the aspersions which it has so recklessly cast on a member of the Supreme court of this province.

From the Victoria Times.

Few who have observed the extraordinary course of the Colonist since the opening of the election petition trials will be anywise astonished to learn that steps have at length been taken to put a stop to that conduct. We have purposely refrained from making any comments upon the amazing utterances of the Colonist respecting Mr. Justice Martin and the cases being tried before him, but we must confess that grosser, more unwarrantable and more audacious violations of the privileges of the press we never witnessed. If they had been written by a journalist imperfectly acquainted with the law governing cases sub judice they would have been surprising enough, but that they have emanated from the pen of a lawyer is nothing short of astounding. The attack upon Mr. Justice Martin which appeared a few days ago was the most palpable attempt at terrorizing the bench that ever came under our notice; the spirit and meaning of that article were threatening; no one who read it could fail to miss the half-concealed ultimatum to His Lordship, and had no notice been taken of that article and its fellows we should have been astonished.

This morning the Colonist declares that it will uphold the dignity and rights of the press in British colonies. We should strongly recommend our contemporary to learn them first; and also, while it is about the business, the difference between proper freedom of speech and insolent license. We yield place to no newspaper in our desire to see the rights of the press preserved and protected, but we should be extremely sorry to think that the behavior of the Colonist during the election petition trials can be classed as one of those rights. Bullying, blackmail, threatening, and intimidation are weapons that any newspaper can use with terrible effect if it chooses, but it is pleasant to know that British newspapers are seldom guilty of using them. Where such cases arise it is the duty of all right-thinking newspapers to express their disapproval and for the law to interfere.

Persons who do not know how to use the privileges of the press should not be allowed to abuse them with impunity, and we trust that, in the present instance, the lesson will have a salutary effect in checking the unjournalistic and un-British licentiousness of comment and criticism which has recently disgraced British Columbia journalism.

Corby's Rye Whiskey.

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PECULIAR AND PERTINENT.

It is against the rules to carry matches on board the modern man-of-war.

The Tartarian alphabet contains 202 letters, being the longest in the world.

There is a well in West Virginia which discharges natural gas with a roar that can be heard six miles away.

It is believed by oil experts that West Virginia is underlaid by a sea of petroleum. The output of white sand oil for 1897 amounted to over 18,000,00 barrels.

In many employments requiring dexterity and quickness with the hands, women are far more valuable than men. For instance, where the folding of large quantities of books or magazines is required, one woman can do as much as two men.

Among the Sioux Indians, when one family borrows a kettle from another, it is expected that, when the kettle is returned, a small portion of the food that has been cooked in it will be left in the bottom as the owner must always know what was cooked in her kettle.

Probably the oldest operative treaty is the Concordat of Horns, which has governed the relations of the Catholic church in Germany since 1122.

The house of Capet has the longest unbroken succession in the male line—from Hugh Capet, king of France in 987, to Louis Philippe's abdication in 1848.

German university students have increased in number from about 10,000 25 years ago to 32,241 last year. The increase is out of proportion to the population.

Frederick the Great composed the "Marche Real," the national anthem of Spain, and Pedro I of Brazil the "Hymno Constitutional," the national air of Portugal.

The French language, it appears, is better adapted to the purpose of the telephone than the English. It is stated that the large number of sibilant or hissing syables in English renders it a less easy and accurate means of communication.

The Hindoos consider their dead as sacred and do not allow them to be handled by alien hands, the nearest male relative—son, father or brother— preparing the body for burial, and if there be none of these relatives, a son is adopted by the family for the purpose.

A SUBSTANTIAL GAIN.

"I was very weak and hardly able to walk. My blood was thin, and I was as pale as death. Being told about Hood's Sarsaparilla, I began taking it, and in a few months I had gained 20 pounds in weight. I kept on with it until I was as well as ever." Arthur Mills, Dresden, Ontario.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, headache.

BOVRIL
A teaspoonful to a cup of hot water
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The only reliable fluid beef.
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PIANO VIRTUOSO
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The very Nobbiest in town and at right prices.
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The St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society's
ANNUAL BANQUET
Will be held at the
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On St. Andrew's Day, 30th November, 1898
Tickets, $3.00. Can be had from any member of the society.
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Smoke Capstan—cool and comforting.*

Smoke Capstan—cool and comforting.*

Bass' XXXX on draught at the Occidental. *

Hotel Victoria, Victoria, strictly first-class. Rates $2 upwards. *

Merchants' lunch at Bank Exchange from 11:30 to 2:30, 25 cents. *

Don't fail to have a Nursery Guard. It will keep the children from the fire. Weiler Bros. have received a new supply. *

Removal.—Dr. A. E. Verrinder, to the corner rooms, Five Sisters block, entrance No. 13, over C.P.P. office. *

Prof. Charles Gartner, B. A.—Vocal and instrumental music. Latest European methods. Studio, 85 Five Sisters block. *

Xmas is fast approaching, and much may be needed in the way of Carpets, Curtains, Furniture, etc. Weiler Bros. have the stock. *

McClary's Famous Stoves and Steel Ranges at Clarke & Pearson's. *

Look at our Bargain Windows this week. The Sterling, 88 Yates St. *

Don't forget Weiler Bros.' sale of Rugs, Furniture, etc., for one week only. *

Best supper, best time—C. M. I. U. ball, Wednesday, November 30. *

Badminton Hotel, Vancouver (late Manor House). Business as usual during alterations; no inconvenience to guests. W. H. Mawdsley, manager.*

We have always in stock a complete line of brushes, woodenware and other kitchen utensils. Weiler Bros. *

An assortment of artistic lace curtains direct from St. Gaul, Switzerland, in the very latest styles at Weiler Bros. *

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About two thousand more of those 15-cent novels just to hand; all the best authors. Get a few before we put them away to make room for Xmas goods. The Victoria Book & Stationery Co. (late Jamieson's). *

TO THE CIGAR SMOKERS OF VICTORIA.

In view of all that has been said in reference to the cry of "British Columbia for British Columbians," the cigar-makers of Victoria make this appeal to the public: At the present time there are a large number of idle cigar-makers in the city, and if Eastern goods continue to be shipped here in hundreds of thousands, there will not be 10 cigar-makers here.

If 10 per cent. of the cigar-smokers would insist on buying union-made cigars, the local union would have a membership of 100. One hundred men at an average of $15 per week is $1,500, every cent of which would be spent in Victoria. There is not a wholesale merchant in Victoria that handles local made cigars, but they are the first ones to cry "Patronize home industry." Tell everybody that a local made cigar is better than a cigar made anywhere else. Insist on having a cigar with the union label on, for a cigar with the union label on is a better cigar than one without it.

INTERNATIONAL UNION NO. 211 OF VICTORIA.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure; 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet. *

Oaklands Firemen Enjoy Themselves.—The members of the Oaklands volunteer fire brigade held a pleasant evening of dancing on Saturday last, Captain Watson Clarke acting as master of ceremonies, and all in attendance entering with zest into the amusement of the night—until night merged into morning.

Dust to Dust.—The remains of the late Michael M. Serrault were on Sunday laid at rest. The funeral took place from Hayward's undertaking parlors, and later from the R. C. cathedral, where Rev. Father Ver Beek officiated. Those who acted as pall-bearers were Theodore H. Robinson, H. McKenzie, George A. Huff, J. Kilpatrick, J. C. Voss and H. Saunders.

The Kinsey Fund.—A special meeting of the Victoria fire department is to be held this evening to close accounts in connection with the recent concert at Institute hall for the benefit of the widow and children of the late Driver Kinsey. The promoters of the dance at Victoria West may also be in a position to report their returns at this meeting, while anyone not yet having handed in his or her subscription to the fund would do well to give it in at one of the fire halls or newspaper offices to-day.

They're All Right.—Harrison and Burns, the two sturdy bluejackets for H. M. S. Icarus who were so badly injured in the Rat Portage mishap that they had to be left behind at Winnipeg, reached Esquimalt on Sunday evening, apparently quite recovered from the many bruises and the nervous shock. They are enthusiastic in their praise of the Winnipeg hospital and in their appreciation of the attention paid them in the Manitoba capital. Both Harrison and Burns are ex-Victory men, and represent fine types of the British shellback.

Four Years for Petty Theft.—In the city police court yesterday morning Edward Malone pleaded guilty to two charges of theft—stealing a pair of gum boots from the Victoria Shoe company's store, and two hearth rugs from a house on Herald street. On each count he was sentenced to two years with hard labor, the sentences to run consecutively. His partner, Charles O'Connor, pleaded not guilty, but was convicted of being an accomplice in the stealing of the boots, and was sentenced to two years. The second charge against him was dismissed. Robert Quinn, a vag, was given two days in which to pack his grip.

Objects to the New Range.—William Walmsley, a resident of Oak Bay, in the immediate locality of the site surveyed for a new rifle range, is using his best endeavors to have some other place chosen for shooting grounds. His reason for so doing is, he declares, because the proposed range of fire is within 50 yards of his house, and that when firing goes on, it will be absolutely unsafe for children outside the house. But, while his place is in peril, another residence is in even greater danger from the fire line, and a third stands a little to the outside of his. It is only about six months since he went to the expense of putting up a new dwelling, which he would not have done had he known that the new rifle range was to be so close at hand. He has written the minister of militia on the subject, and though it is too soon to look for a reply, he fears that such will not be forthcoming—that his communication will be laid aside, and that his case will be ignored.

An Unlucky Tea Fight.—There is an old-fashioned superstition which has not altogether died out yet, that after a cup of tea is emptied, the leaves left at the bottom of the cup form a picture foretelling some incident that is going to happen. It seems a pity that no one examined the unfortunate cup of tea that was emptied at the barracks some time ago in the quarrel between Mrs. Nunn and Mrs. Keats. It would have been a good chance to find out whether the misfortunes that have since befallen were foretold by the leaves. First Mrs. Nunn has been up on a perjury trial; then she fell ill and the case dragged along till a week or so ago, when by some mischance the counsel on both sides were late, and the case had to be further adjourned. Now, when there is another chance of its coming up, Mr. George E. Powell, counsel for the defence, has fallen ill, and in consequence another adjournment had to be ordered yesterday till Friday next. Friday being an unlucky day, perhaps that may counteract the other want of luck on the homeopathis principle that "like cures like."

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Prosperous Bench Claim Owners Tell Why They Have Confidence in the Camp.

Good Prospects to Teslin Lake—Open Weather Yet and Travel Is Easy.

Homer Matheson, who hails from Wilkesbarre, Pa., and is owner of a bench claim one mile above discovery on Pine creek, left by the Islander this morning for the East, where he will spend Christmas with his family and relatives. He came down from the Atlin country in company with his nearest neighbor, Capt. J. L. Sperry, of Tacoma, and agrees with that gentleman in his prediction that the possibilities of the Atlin country are infinitely greater than those of the Klondike.

"They say the dirt isn't half as rich as the Upper Yukon ground," said Mr. Matheson in conversation at the Dominion yesterday. "Well, what if it isn't? It don't cost one-half or one-quarter as much to get to it and get it out, or to live while you're doing it. Take my own experience. I've been two months and a half on my claim and took $3,100 net out of it. That's the sort of a proposition it is. Sperry has been washing his dirt from the surface down—that's his system—and saved $1,900 clear from August 23, when he came on the scene, to September 25, when we came out. The richest claims in the whole district are very often found to be these bench claims on the old river-beds. They're quite as good, to my thinking, as the creek propositions."

* * *

Captain Sperry, to whom Matheson refers as his nearest neighbor, is also fully convinced of the permanency of the Atlin field, for in an interview by the Tacoma Ledger he says:

"There is gold all over the Atlin district. Wash gravel has been found on the very mountain tops. In the neighborhood of 12,000 claims were located before the close of the season, and next summer will demonstrate that nearly every claim will pay wages, while some will yield fabulous returns. The Atlins are essentially summer diggings, and I know of no camp where the climate is better suited to mining. The season will open towards the closing of April. The richest thing, to my notion, in the camp is the quartz discovery of Redman, on the shores of Taku Arm, about 25 miles west of Atlin City. Here Redman discovered a four-foot cropping that assays $1,700 to the ton. After they got down 18 or 19 feet, the ledge widened from four to thirteen feet. If it continues to widen, as it no doubt will, one can readily see that it will yield as much gold as any man could wish."

* * *

T. H. Jones and W. D. Kinsloe, who arrived here by the City of Seattle last evening, and are registered at the Dominion, are the very latest citizens of Atlin to reach the outside. They came down from Skagway by the City of Topeka, and were compelled to go to the Sound against their wish, through the refusal of the Topeka's master to call at Victoria. "Hadn't time" was the excuse. When Messrs. Jones and Kinsloe left the capital of the new gold diggings there were about 300 men there, preparing for winter residence by completing their cabins and making all things snug. Prospecting had been necessarily abandoned, as well as the working of the claims, the season being just now unpropitious for the miner to display his activity. Some snow had fallen, but not enough to offer any hindrance to a man desirous of getting into or out of the country, as the two new arrivals found that they only had to carry their canoe for about four miles of the journey to the head of Bennett lake. All the rest of the water journey was plain sailing.

* * *

F. C. Lund, who has not only been in the Atlin country, but prospected between there and Teslin, is at the Dallas. He said yesterday that the chances are good for gold discoveries all the way from Atlin to Teslin, with perhaps the exception of a small strip between the upper end of Surprise lake and Davis creek or Sucker lake, as it is better known. As Surprise lake is just on the British Columbia side of the boundary, and Davis creek a short distance over in the Northwest Territories side, this would mean that there is not likely to be great trouble just at this point of difficulties between provincial and Dominion officials over claim locations.

Mr. Lund found gold in two creeks off Davis lake, but did not have time to prospect there this autumn, as the season was too far advanced. Like everyone who has been in the Atlin country, he says that Atlin is a poor man's district, where big individual fortunes will not be made in mining, but where every man who goes in and works systematically will make money, as the gold is distributed very evenly. Already people are getting supplies sent in over the White pass railway to the summit, and from there will haul their stuff to Otter lake and wait until the lake freezes over, so as to utilize the ice surface. Atlin lake and the head of Taku Arm will be frozen over before that, so there will be no difficulty in getting right to discovery, where some 250 people are wintering.

Mr. Lund came out from Atlin about the end of October, but afterwards returned to Bennett, and on November 15 saw Captain Cartwright, of the N. W. M. P., who, with a companion, came out in a small boat, the last before navigation closed.

Everyone is predicting a lively time at Atlin in the spring, and from what Mr. Lund says, it looks as though Victoria merchants will have to hustle or other cities will get ahead of them in capturing the business.

CHRONIC ECZEMA CURED.

One of the most chronic cases of eczema ever cured is the case of Miss Gracie Ella Alton, of Hartland, N.B. On a sworn statement Mr. Alton says: I hereby certify that my daughter Gracie Ella was cured of eczema of long standing by using four boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment. William Thistle, druggist, of Hartland, also certifies that he sold four cured Gracie Ella. *

Feather Boas.....

Take the place of furs in winter. Worn the year round, excepting when there's no "R" in the month, and sometimes then, too. A good stock of Ostrich, Coque, Marabout and Hackle Boas at

THE WHITE HOUSE

....IN SEASON....

COVERT OVERCOATS
with strap seam, in every way equal to tailor made.

BEAVER OVERCOATS From $7.50 up.
FRIEZE ULSTERS From $6.50 up

And many other styles and qualities awaiting your inspection

BOYS' REEFERS
In Reliable Qualities $1.75 to $4.00

W. and J. WILSON,
83 GOVERNMENT ST.

FULL COURT.

Daniel v. Gold Hill Argument Concluded—The List For To-Day.

The Full court yesterday heard the appeal in Daniel v. Gold Hill Mining Co. The action was brought by plaintiff to set aside a sale of the Gold Hill mining claim in Rossland, made by the directors at a meeting in Spokane, without notice of this having been given in British Columbia. The sale was made to E. J. Doneen, a brother of one of the directors. This action was tried before Mr. Justice Drake, who set aside the sale. This sale was for the nominal consideration of $1,030, of which part was paid by Doneen buying up for $432 a claim of a contractor against the company, and giving a note for the balance, the balance not yet being paid. The property was valued by experts all the way from nothing to $25,000. About $5,500 had been paid for development work on the claim. Mr. Justice Drake set aside the sale, on the ground that no notice of the meeting had been given according to the British Columbia statutes, and also on the ground of collusion. The appellants are M. and E. Doneen. Judgment was reserved. Mr. L. P. Duff for appellants; Mr. W. J. Taylor for respondents.

The Full court dismissed the appeal of Dr. Arthurs in a preliminary point taken in the Nelson Electric Light By-Law appeal. Mr. Gordon Hunter for appellant; Mr. A. S. Potts for respondent.

LIST FOR TO-DAY.

1. Peters v. Sampson.
2. Re Nelson City By-Law No. 34.
3. Dunlop v. Haney.
4. Connell v. Madden.
5. Re lot 423, Victoria city.

You hardly realize that it is medicine when taking Carter's Little Liver Pills, they are very small; no bad effects; all troubles from torpid liver are relieved by their use.

Can They Recover?—Yesterday afternoon James McDonald was arrested by Constable Redgrave on the information of a Japanese restaurant-keeper, charged with refusing to pay for a meal. A few days ago Magistrate Hall remarked, when a man was before him for obtaining drinks and refusing to pay for them, that the police court could not be used for the collection of debts.

A Pioneer's Funeral.—The funeral of the late John G. Norris took place yesterday morning, leaving Hayward's undertaking parlors at 9:45 o'clock, and the R. C. cathedral, where Rev. Father Ver Beek officiated, half an hour later. The pall-bearers were Messrs. George A. Kirk, R. Homfray, J. Wilson, E. Mallandaine, Senator Macdonald and A. Munro.

Another Country Fire.—The Thanksgiving Day blaze in the district, which the firemen were vainly trying to locate for several days, proves to have been caused by the destruction of the home of Mr. Scaife at Long lake, the building and contents being totally consumed. The loss is practically absolute, for the insurance, with Lowenberg, Harris & Co., amounted to but $100.

Again in the Toils.—Sunday afternoon was spent by Alice Warren, who recently completed a term in the provincial gaol for stealing a silver tea urn from the residence of a gentleman, in soliciting alms. A kind-hearted gentleman got a room in the Wilson hotel for the woman, and also gave her a meal ticket. She returned this kindness by stealing the blankets off the bed in the hotel—or at least the blankets were missing in the morning, and she sold them at a second-hand store. She was arrested yesterday afternoon.

The Chinese Theatre.—To-day is October 17 in the Chinese calendar, and, therefore, those Europeans who have been looking for the opening of the Chinese theatre on the first of the new month will have to wait longer than they probably expected. Manager Ah Wing says the performances during the coming season will be of a better class than have been given heretofore. He is mustering a very strong company, the members of which are coming from Portland, New York, San Francisco and Honolulu, and expects to open the theatre a fortnight from now.

Stop that Cough! Take warning. It may lead to Consumption. A 25c. bottle of Shiloh's Cure may save your life. Sold by Cyrus H. Bowes. *

An effort is being made to have Osborne Deignan, one of the men who went on the Merrimac with Hobson, appointed to the Naval Academy. Secretary Long has refused to appoint him because he is slightly over age, and a special act may be passed by congress to get him in.

Catarrh Cured. A clear head and sweet breath secured with Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. We sell six bottles for $3 and guarantee an absolute cure. Sold by Cyrus H. Bowes. *

Jules Verne, now 70 years old, has written books that exceed in number, by six, the number of years he has lived. Perhaps Miss Braddon, among English writers, with 55 novels to her name, in 37 years, approaches this record.

Closing Out.—One of the handsomest, if not the handsomest, store on the Pacific coast will be sold out to-morrow (Wednesday) at 11 a.m., by the well-known auctioneer, Mr. Herbert Cuthbert. It is a misfortune to any city to have its most imposing business premises sold out in this way, but when the proprietors feel that the support they receive is inadequate to keep them open profitably, it is the usual course. The loss, even if the auctioneer has a good sale, will be very great indeed in this case, as no expense was spared in opening the place, the splendid polished oak fixtures being known all over the Coast.*

The Coming Underwear

Will be Fleece lined; after wearing it once you wonder why underwear was ever made any other way. Fleece underwear fits like you had nothing on. It has no discomforts, no irritation. Price fits smoothly also. $2.00 and $2.50 suit; Boys' $1.00 suit.

Cameron

The acknowledged cheapest cash clothier in Victoria, 55 Johnson street.

Tea Logic....

It stands to reason that by buying but one grade of tea from one dealer, and in large quantities, that we can give you better value than those buying in smaller quantities, and at many different prices. Our

Ideal Blend....

Orange Pekoe Celon tea (in one pound packets only) is better than any 50-cent tea we know of, as good as any 60-cent tea on the market, and our price for it is only

40c. Pound

D. R. Pottinger

The Ideal Provision Store, 72 Yates St.

NOLTE
GLASSES ADJUSTED. 37 EYES TESTED FREE.
FORT ST.

GRAPHOPHONES

$12.50 to $35

See the new Polished "Eagle" and Extra finish "Columbia," the finest machines made. Come and hear our original Master Records — much louder and clearer than any heretofore made.

F. W. Nolte, 37 FORT Street

GOLFERS

We have just received a splendid assortment of

GOLF.. CLUBS

Of all kinds a little late in coming but worth waiting for,

M. W. WAITT & CO.
No. 60 Government Street.

Golf Balls and Caddies, also Hockey Sticks.

November Inducement

SOMETHING SPECIAL IN DRESS GOODS

A quick use of ready money enabled us to buy an assortment of

HIGH GRADE DRESS GOODS...

At less than manufacturer's prices. As a result we are offering, for a few days, some of the most Elegant Dress Wear, comprising fabrics in Wool and Wool and Silk. See display in window. Remember this is a special offering, and the price is

$1.25 Per Yard

Call early while the selection is complete, although any of them are worthy of attention.

J. Hutcheson & Co., THE WESTSIDE November 23, 1898

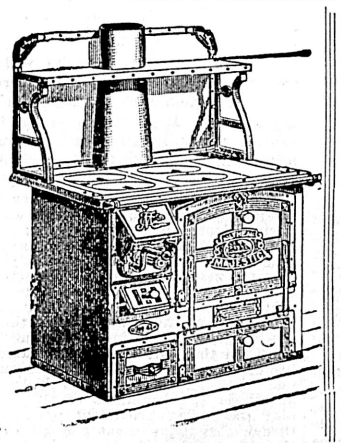
15 CASES

NEW GOODS FOR XMAS

AMONG WHICH are the latest styles in Photo Frames and Table Mirrors, in English Hall Marked Sterling Silver, with silk-velvet and leather backs. These are the most elegant goods of the kind that can be procured, and are very suitable for Xmas presents.

We have the frames in all sizes, from the tiny stamp to the large imperial. Prices very low.

G. E. REDFERN, Established 1862 43 GOV. ST.



The Majestic Range

Do you know anybody who has one? If so, see it; hear its praises. Then come to Cheapside and buy one for yourself. It will bring peace to the home, comfort to the family, heal a bad case of home trouble, it will save you money. Where shall we come in? Why, we shall sell a dozen in your neighborhood.

Sole agents—

Geo. Powell & Co.
CHEAPSIDE,
127 Govt. St., Victoria, B.C.

CARPETS
CARPETS

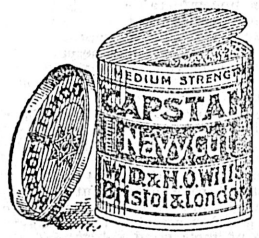
We are prepared to give you a good Wilton Carpet that will give you years of hard wear at greatly reduced prices. You cannot make a mistake. We reduce the price of certain lines in order to clear out particular patterns. This reduction only applies to those Carpets of which we have a limited quantity. Do not miss this chance. We have some few Brussels and Tapestries to dispose of in the same way.

We have Art Squares in almost any size. In these goods we have four qualities.

WEILER BROS. 51 to 55 Fort St.

Those Fine English Tobbacos

Put up by W. D. & H. O. WILLS of Bristol, England.



CAPSTAN.
TRAVELLER.
BIRD'S EYE.
WESTWARD HO!
THREE CASTLES.
GOLD FLAKE, Etc.

And famous the world over for their superb flavor and exquisite aroma, can be obtained for you by your dealer.

If he will not get them, write to us for price-list o the well-known brands.

Supplied in 3 Grades of Strength.

E. A. MORRIS, SOLE AGENT Victoria, B.C.

"FOUR CROWN"
Scotch Whisky
AGENTS
TURNER, BEETON & CO.

SCHOONER OTTO FINED

Ordered to Pay Two Hundred Pounds for Being Within the Prohibited Sealing Zone.

Chief Justice Considers the Captain Was Careless When Close to the Line.

The sealing schooner Otto was yesterday fined £200 by Chief Justice McColl for being found sealing within the prohibited zone round the Pribyloff islands. The Otto was seized by Captain Finnis of H.M.S. Amphion on September 10, and was ordered to Victoria, where she since has been awaiting trial. The case came up yesterday in the Admiralty court, Mr. C. E. Pooley, Q.C., appearing for the Crown and Mr. E. V. Bodwell for the owners of the Otto, Captain Finnis not being in town, his deposition was put in in evidence. It was in effect that early on the morning of September 10 the Otto was found about 16 miles inside the prohibited zone, her canoes out and engaged in sealing. The deposition stated further that the day was clear, but Captain Gosse of the Otto explained the presence of his vessel in the zone by reason of his not being able the day before to take observations owing to thick weather, and also by reason of his being misled by a chart showing the currents.

Captain Gosse in his evidence said that on the 8th September he believed the vessel was 8 miles outside the zone by dead reckoning and on the 9th that he was 4½ miles outside. He therefore tried to increase the distance so that he would keep outside, for the orders from his owners were not to go inside the zone. He was misled, however, by the currents marked on the chart, for while he thought he was getting further from the zone the current drifted him back. The weather was too thick for him to take observations on the 9th. He did not take any observations on the 10th before the boats went out in the early morning, for the men were anxious to get out as quickly as possible.

Though the suit was first entered for confiscation of the vessel, Mr. Pooley in his argument only pressed for a fine, as Captain Finnis ascribed the fact of the Otto's being in prohibited water to the carelessness of the captain.

The Chief Justice gave judgment as follows:

"The mere fact which is admitted that the ship was engaged in sealing in prohibited waters constitutes an offence under the act. The ship Minnie, 23 S.C. at p. 484, Mr. Pooley stated that he could only ask for a fine, Captain Finnis, the seizing officer, having attributed carelessness to the master. Where the owner of a ship employs a competent master and furnishes him with proper instruments, and the master uses due diligence, but for some unforeseen cause against which no precaution reasonably necessary to be taken can guard, is found sealing where sealing is forbidden, the Court would be well exercised by the imposition of a nominal fine only.

"But in this case the master for eight days immediately preceding the day of seizure was knowingly sealing in the close vicinity of the prohibited zone, and while I am desirous of making every allowance for him because of his having been misled as to the current by the chart upon which he relied and in the difficulties owing to bad weather and to his men not being well under control, I cannot acquit him of great carelessness in not taking a sight on that day before allowing his men to leave the ship.

"Having regard to the limit of £500, I think the justice of the case will be met by the infliction of a fine of £200, upon payment of which within one month the ship, equipage and cargo will be released."

STILL AFTER MISSIONARIES.

Fresh Outrages Reported From Far Cathay—Soldiers Are Sent to Punish the Offenders.

The district of Pokio, Weichow prefecture, is once again the scene of anti-Christian disturbance, for according to copies of the Hongkong Daily Press, received by the just-arrived Glenogle, an attack was made a short time ago upon the Christians and a native missionary was badly wounded. The leader of the rioters, a man named Chu Kwai-ku, was arrested and placed on his trial before the local magistrate, but the mob took his part and stormed the yamen, nearly tearing it down; fortunately soldiers appeared before the destruction was complete and dispersed them. The magistrate sent to the Viceroy of Canton requesting the assistance of more troops, and these have been sent.

The foreign representatives in Pekin on November 7 warned the Chinese government that, should the Chinese troops of which complaint has been made, not be withdrawn from Chihli province before the 15th, the powers would adopt suitable measures for controlling the railways and telegraphs from the coast to Pekin—i.e. the powers will take possession of them by force. The troops were promptly withdrawn.

A Chungking dispatch of October 29, states that General Shiu, commander of the troops dispatched for the suppression of the Yobanshi, sent a letter to the deputy inspector of Sche-zuan stating that the insurgents having been totally defeated, and proposed to hand over the French missionary Ferrier. The proposal has been accepted by the Viceroy, who promised the leader of the Yobanshi a government decoration and other preferment.

A communication has been received by a friend at Shanghai from Chang Yinghuan, since the date on which he was reported to have been murdered. "The report of his murder is therefore believed unfounded," sagely observes a Nagasaki correspondent.

REVENUE FROM ALASKA.

Secretary Bliss Would Tax Salmon Canners and License Saloons—A Cable Asked for.

Washington, Nov. 25.—In his annual report, in reviewing the gradual diminution of public land, Secretary Bliss says:

Of three hundred and odd million acres of desert land requiring irrigation to render them valuable farming lands, the available water supply is sufficient for only 71,500,000 acres, leaving over 260,000,000 acres suitable only for grazing purposes. There are thirty forest reservations, embracing an estimated area of 40,719,414 acres.

Reviewing pension matters, Secretary Bliss reports 635,000 claims pending, and says a separate division has been organized for the adjudication of claims growing out of the war with Spain. These soldiers will receive their pensions under the general law for permanent disabilities contracted in the service.

Secretary Bliss, summing up the report of Gov. Brady, of Alaska, calls attention to the difficulty of preventing the smuggling of liquor into Alaska, it being impossible to enforce the present regulations without a fleet of revenue cutters and steam launches to patrol the tortuous channels of Southeastern Alaskan waters. Smuggling prevails and saloons are open in all of the towns and mining camps. The governor reports a consensus of opinion in favor of a stringent high license law, which would tend to stamp out smuggling and liquor selling to the natives.

The application to Alaska of the liquor laws in force in the District of Columbia, with several minor modifications is urged as meaning a majority approval. The governor believes that Alaska should and can pay revenue into the United States treasury. Under a high license law he estimates that the liquor traffic would yield an annual revenue of not less than $200,000; a tax of a few cents per case on salmon would produce from $35,000 to $50,000; ten cents a ton on wharfage collected during the past year would have yielded $100,000.

He recommends, however, that any system of taxation for the territory be deferred until land laws shall have been provided. Many sections of Alaska, it is shown, are suitable for agricultural purposes. With proper care, cattle can be raised in the middle in the milder districts. It cannot be doubted that in the course of time the herds of reindeer will cover the plains of Northern Alaska, and a few thousands of dollars spent now in helping the Esquimaux to obtain herds will save the expenditure of many thousands in the future.

The fur seals, he says, are doomed to extinction unless all pelagic sealing can be stopped. The branding of female seals has proved a success. The brands render the pelts valueless and show that the United States has property right to the animal. The raising of blue foxes is becoming an important industry.

The hunting of the sea otter has been so unremitting that very few are now left. The governor recommends that the killing of them be prohibited for a long time.

Representation in congress for the citizens of Alaska is strongly urged.

Attention is called to the fact that the rapid increase of the number of vessels plying Alaskan waters necessitates the erection of many lighthouses. Other recommendations include a lengthy mail service between Sitka and Unalaska; cable connection between the United States and Alaska; enlargement of administrative authority and extension of the land laws to at least the settled portions.

VAGARIES FOR RELIGION.

Montreal Institution for Young Girls Who Inhabit Cells and Sleep in Coffins.

Montreal, Nov. 22.—The city of Montreal can boast of the strangest convent that can probably be found in the civilized world. It is known as the Convent of the Holy Face, and the public is generally unaware of its existence. It is a very strange place, and very few people have ever got much further than its reception room. Imagine an old French-Canadian doctor founding a convent in his own house, where at the same time he keeps up the practice of medicine, the first members of the community being the five daughters of a married couple whom he had known for years. The eldest of these was, at the time of the inception of the institution, not over 18. Then think of these girls leading a life of religious rigor, in which scourges and chains, and coffins as beds, and deathbeds as ornaments of their cells, play the most prominent part, while, though they have a mother superior in the eldest sister, the doctor is the final arbiter of all questions that pertain to the management of the community in which he, the sole male in the place, lives. Many of the good Catholics of Montreal vowed, when asked, that the institution was a very proper and good one, and hundreds of ladies go there monthly to have prayers repeated and novenas said, and to obtain rosaries which the little nuns make.

An English lady, who visited the place in company with a French-Canadian, describes it as being more like a children's home. The nuns, some of whom are not more than 14 years of age, laugh and play about the house like so many happy little ones who are quite contented with their lot. The two ladies managed, after some difficulty, to obtain an interview with the superioress, a young woman of about 25 years of age. From what she told them, it appears that there are at present fourteen nuns, most of them under 18 years old, and that they take them as young as 14. The black dress was the regular every-day uniform, but at night and on feast days they put on a dress with a crimson front upon which was painted the "Saint face"—the face of the Saviour—and wore a crimson veil. Dressed like this, they slept in their coffins. After some trouble, permission was obtained from the doctor to show the visitors his cell. They first entered the chapel, which was made out of a fairly large-sized room, with benches at the side. A little altar was erected against the rear wall, containing an altar lamp, some wax candles and a life-sizes statute of the Virgin Mary. To the right of the chapel was the doctor's cell. The doctor's coffin had a small cushion at the top and a blanket, and the whole was covered with a black pall and decorated with a large silver cross. The superioress explained that their cells were exactly the same, only more narrow, and their coffins contained nothing. When she was asked if they did not find them uncomfortable and horrid to sleep in, she replied that although at the beginning the coffins were rather creepy and strange, they had become accustomed to them that they would be really sorry if they would be obliged to do without them.

In summer they had a beautiful garden behind the house, with the stations of the cross; but, beyond going there and to mass, the nuns never went out. Every Friday they chained one another up and scourged each other, but their appearances did not show that these harsh measures either affected their physical welfare of their good spirits, and throughout the visit the superioress did not act any way different from any other young woman who is having a good time and is thoroughly enjoying life.

DOMINION OFFICIAL ANALYSIS.

The Dominion official analyst, in a recent analysis of Abbey's Effervescent Salt, says: "Abbey's Effervescent Salt contains no ingredients of an injurious or unwholesome character. This compound contains saline bases which form fruit salts when water is added, and is then a very delightful aperient beverage, highly palatable and effective." The daily use of Abbey's Effervescent Salt will keep you in good health. Sold by druggists everywhere at 60 cents a large bottle. Trial size, 25 cents. *

Overcoats, $5.50, $7.50 $10.50; Winter Suits, $5, $8.75 $10. B. Williams & Co.

WHALING IN PROSPECT

Expert From Norway Who Is Confident of Finding Wealth in These Waters.

Modest Investment Needed to Establish This New and Profitable Enterprise.

From a pretty well defined movement now on foot, it seems that the hunting of whales will shortly be added to the many remunerative industries of British Columbia. A gentleman in a position to know, but who did not wish to be quoted on the subject, has been a guest at the Victoria for the last few days. He states that an English company is willing to back such an enterprise, which when started would no doubt develop into immense proportions. No definite plans have been decided on yet, and, if Victorians are sufficiently interested in having the headquarters of the industry here, he saw no reason why they should be disappointed, providing they were willing to take hold of the business.

This gentleman says that $45,000 would establish the business, including the cost of building one steamer. There are no vessels on the coast that has steam suitable for whaling. They would have to be steel vessels of a very staunch description and registering about 50 tons. There are about 40 of these steamers employed on the coast of Norway. The gun used for shooting the whales has a three-inch bore, and is mounted on a swivel carriage in the bow of the steamer. The harpoon, which is thrown from the gun, weighs 170 pounds.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Nov. 28.—Samuel Foyn, of Norway, is in the city on business looking to the establishment of whaling operations directed from British Columbia ports. Mr. Foyn is not pleased with the unauthorized publicity already given to his business, which, he says, he would have preferred to keep to himself, but since the affair has got into print he thought it best to give the Colonist, the first paper whose representative called upon him for that purpose, the facts of the case. He said:

"My brother-in-law suggested that I come to this coast to look into the whaling business. First, who am I? I am a nephew to Svend Foyn, who was the first man to whale in Iceland and the first to whale on the Russian coast. I am here to engage capital, and am not yet bound to any one. As to whether Vancouver or Victoria will be the home port of the projected whaling business, I am indifferent, as a whaler is seldom in port. His home is on the sea.

"I am here to engage capital in a whaling venture. I am convinced that your waters are rich in whales. The amount required for an oil factory and the first year's expenses will be $45,000. I guarantee to pay 17 per cent. on such an investment. It is suggested that 15 per cent. will be ample. I have never paid less than 30 per cent., and, as the Pacific is teeming with whales, I am safe in making it 17 per cent. or better.

"On the Korean coast last season I secured ninety tons of oil in two and a half months. I will undertake to secure 200 tons here in the season.

"I will make a wager that I can in six hours from starting from Burrard Inlet bring back a whale. If I don't bring one back, I will banquet the board of trade. If I do, I must be paid market rates for the whale, which will be drawn through the city in view of the public, and I will give the proceeds of such sale to the city hospitals. I do not suppose my wager will be accepted. It is simply made as an earnest of my faith in the whaling enterprise here. Why have I this faith? Simply because I have demonstrated to my own satisfaction that every whale caught in Norway is found in these waters.

"Before enumerating them, let it be understood that whalebone is worth about $10,000 a ton, and oil £18 or £16, according to quality, dark or light. Close to the coast the knoel and devil-fish are found in greatest abundance. They swim in shallow water and are thick with barnacles. Queen Charlotte sound is swarming with them. Next come the blue fish and fin-backs. They are also very numerous here, but are captured in deep water. They swarm in the gulfs of Alaska.

"The steamer required would be 85 feet long, with high horse-power. The Foyn harpoon containss a bomb at the point. To the moveable prongs of the harpoon are attached the ropes. When the harpoon is driven into the whale the ropes are pulled, spreading the prongs and securing the whale. By the same movement a bomb is exploded, killing the whale, which immediately sinks. By a strong winch, the whale is pulled to the side of the vessel. When three are caught, the steamer starts for the factory, the speed of the vessel keeping the whale afloat.

"I do not fear making my scheme public or speaking of the great wealth you have in whales here, because I do not fear competition. In spite of numerous temptations, I will never do anything else but whale. I live on the excitement and the big chances of rich reward.

"The whaling season in this latitude lasts the year round. The vocation is extremely dangerous, but I have steamed from Christiana to Hongkong in a 42-ton net steamer, with 10 of a crew, in 57 days, in spite of tearful remonstrances of relatives before setting out, and I am not afraid of any storms or seas you can run me against here. That is all I have to say now, except that it is wrong that I am in direct negotiations with anybody with cast iron bonds that I must not speak. If the public must know my business, I must give it to them correctly."

"FINEST UNDER THE SUN."

American Miner's Tribute to the Northern British Columbia Gold Fields.

From the Seattle P.-I.

Horace Leach, a well known Seattle printer, formerly on the Post-Intelligencer, accompanied by nineteen others, arrived in the city October 18 from the Atlin mining region. They will all return to the mines in March, as all have claims they wish to develop. The party, numbering twenty-one persons, had left Atlin fourteen days previously in a rowboat for Bennett. They had a very hard trip out, and a boy, a young fellow from Chicago named Kirby, about 17 years old, was ill with typhoid fever. His father was along. The boy and his father are now at Bennett.

"That is the finest country under the sun," said Leach. "I have claims on Little Spruce, Dixie creek, Otter creek, Slate creek and McKee creek. Otter creek is a good creek and is coming to the front. J. S. Fenn, who came out with the party, is one of the discoverers of Otter creek."

"Have you heard anything much concerning this new creek called McKee?" was asked.

"Yes, it is the richest creek in the district. It is better than Pine. I was on the creek November 1, and have a claim two and a half miles above discovery. Fenn and myself panned out about eight pans of dirt, almost freezing our hands, and making no effort to save the fine gold. This is what the eight pans brought."

Leach unrolled a cloth in which nestled over half an ounce of small nuggets. Without saving the fine gold or even the coarse particles, the dirt went over $1 to the pan in nuggets.

"McKee shows up better than any creek in the district," said Leach.

Leach went into the Atlin country three months ago with A. J. Stoel and Lee Billings. He says that it is the finest grazing land for stock he ever saw, and concerning the general characteristics of the ground he said:

"The ground is never frozen badly. The snow comes down and this freezes hard, thus affording protection for the ground. The ground being always warm accounts for the luxuriant grasses in the early spring and throughout the season. There is no portion of the region where a man cannot get about on horseback with ease."

Leach will return in March.

"It will be about May 1 before active mining operations can be commenced," said he, "but I will get in early in order to build my cabin and erect the sluice boxes, etc. I predict a great camp there next spring."

He says that there will be many claims there open to filing in the spring which are now staked. He says that many of the claims the locator will be unable to represent, owing to the number of locations he has made.

In a letter from Skagway to the Post-Intelligencer, W. M. Brook, president and manager of the Ruby Sand Gold Mining Company, of Lituya bay, says:

"Every miner who comes from the Atlin mining camp confirms the reports of the great richness of the district. C. H. De Witt sold a half interest in the claim, which is fifty feet above discovery on Pine, for $1,000 in gold coin to A. J. Wooll, of Sacramento. Since this sale word has been brought out that this claim is worth ten times the value placed on it by the owners.

"Sam McColley, of Pendleton, Ore., sold a half interest in two claims on Spruce and Birch creeks to-day to De Witt for $2,000. Mr. McColley is the man who discovered the first bench claims near Atlin. It was he and Capt. Sperry who dug out the big nuggets this fall on Pine creek."

TRIBUTE TO OKANAGAN FLOUR.

Recommended by a Hygienic Authority Because of Its Absolute Purity.

S. Miller, M.D., in American Journal of Health.

Sermons need not be preached when it comes to warning the public against inferior grades of flour. The thoughtful and truly conscientious caterer selects food products for the family on the one inviolable principle that purity alone can possibly win her favor, will indignantly reject the spurious brands which the hygienic press collectively condemns, and which are the most deadly agents of disease. The community has no more insidious foe than impure or low grade flour. For on account of the very truth that we cannot sit down at the family board without ingesting flour in a greater or lesser quantity, the corresponding influence upon our health cannot not be overestimated. It will be either an influence for evil or an influence for good. Nothing which enters the system, in no matter how small a quantity, but has its power of affecting the general result, and when the principal constituents of our daily food lack the quality they should possess, the magnitude of the consequence goes without saying. We infallibly suffer.

To obviate all such disastrous consequences, and the sufferings they thus entail, the American Journal of Health watches without intermission the successive introductions of the market brands of flour. And it also urges upon the consumer the use of those whose established excellence is sufficient safeguards against the universal claims of other brands. There is another consideration which obtains its due weight with us; the reliability of the manufacturers. We have found each condition fulfilled to our satisfaction in "O.K." flour offered by the Okanagan Flour Mill Company, of Armstrong, B. C., Canada. This is a truly pure product, marketed by a firm which enjoys the most enviable reputation for the production of only first-class goods. The resources of our analysis were brought into requisition for the thorough testing of this flour. An an exhibition was thereby made which conclusively established the great nutritive worth which is claimed for it because of its richness in gluten; its suitability for persons of weak digestive organs, owing to its possessing no excess of starch; its consistent uniformity of quality, and its eminent virtues as a bread-maker. It would be impossible, we do not hesitate to say, that the Okanagan Flour Mill Company's "O.K." flour could disappoint when used for baking purposes, for it does not sour; it is uncommonly light in bread, and also preserves a beautifully white color.

That day will be hailed with satisfaction and relief by the physician and hygienist when the prevalence of stomach troubles arising from frementation caused by bad flour, and cases of dyspepsia arising from the same source, will be reduced. The coming of that time will be perceptibly hastened by the excessive use of pure flour, for which the hygienic press can give an endorsement equal to that here bestowed upon "O.K." flour of the Okanagan Flour Mill Company. Let the public cease to deceive itself; the evils just mentioned will continue to distress humanity so long as want of discrimination in flour use continues. We have at stake the welfare of all our readers, and they will prove to be their own best friends by laying this lesson to heart. The "O.K" flour of the Okanagan Flour Mill Company is endorsed for their use in the plainest language we can employ.

BACKACHE

A Symptom of Kidney Disease —Quickly Cured by Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney Liver Pills.

Bachache is kidney ache. Bachache is the alarm signal which nature gives when the kidneys are out of order and danger of attack by some painful and fatal disease is at hand. Bachache above all things should never be neglected. Bright's disease, dropsy, diabetes and many other complicated diseases of the kidneys have bachache as the first symptoms. Listen to the warning note thus sounded. Cure the bachache, cure the kidneys while you can. Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills make the kidneys active and vigorous and call a quick halt to weakness or pain in the back. They reach the exact spot and are most effective as a cure for kidney disease. 25 cents a box at all dealers.

Dr. Chase's New Receipt Book, cloth bound, 500 pages, regular price $1.00, sent to any address in Canada on receipt of 50 cents and this coupon. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. 31

DEADLY CATARRH

has fastened its relentless grip upon some member of nearly every family in the land. Competent authorities estimate that from eighty to ninety per cent. of the entire population of this continent suffer from some form of this repulsive and dangerous malady. If you or any of your family suffer either from recognized catarrh or from the lingering colds which mark its early stages—don't trifle with it. It is the precursor of consumption and death.

Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder

never fails. It is the remedy of all remedies, endorsed by the most experienced and eminent nose and throat specialists of the day, and having a record of a multitude of radical, permanent cures of chronic cases which had been declared incurable. It also cures cold in the head, influenza, hay fever, loss of smell, deafness, sore throat, tonsilitis, asthma and all similar diseases. It is delightful to use.

"I have had chronic catarrh ever since the war," says J. C. Taylor, of 210 N. Clinton Ave., Trenton, N. J. "I had despaired of ever being cured. I used three bottles of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder and my catarrh has entirely left me." Rev. C. E. Whitcombe, rector of St. Matthew's Episcopal Church, Hamilton, Ont., was a great sufferer. He used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, and now proclaims it a safe, simple and certain cure. The Lord Bishop of Toronto, Can., recommends the remedy over his own signature. Sold by druggists.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart relieves heart disease in 30 minutes. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills—20c. for 40 doses—are the best. Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves in a day eczema, tetter and all skin diseases. Cures piles in 2 to 5 nights. 35c. 2

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RATIONS

THE Food for all Mining, Exploring and Touring Parties.

Maconochie's Patent Army and Navy Rations are a combination of choice Meat and Vegetables, forming a substantial, nutritious, and savoury meal, which can be eaten hot or cold. Hot in a few minutes.

MACONOCHIE'S FOODS ARE THE BEST THAT MONEY CAN BUY.

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Manufacturers of Jams, Jellies, Marmalade, Bottled Fruits, Jelly Tablets, &c. Potted Meats, Pates and Camp Pies, Soups, Sausages, &c.

130 GOLD MEDALS AND HIGHEST AWARDS.

OVER SEVENTY YEARS' ESTABLISHED REPUTATION.

NEAVE'S FOOD

IN 1-lb. PATENT AIR-TIGHT TINS.

EXTENSIVELY USED ON THE MINING CAMPS OF AUSTRALIA and in SOUTH AFRICA.

A Large Amount of Nourishment in a Portable Form.

WILL KEEP indefinitely, Not Affected by Damp.

"*Contains all the elements of food in an easily digested form*"—DR. GORDON STABLES, M.D., R.N.

"*This Food may be used with advantage by persons of all ages.*"—SIR CHAS. A. CAMERON, M.D.

JOSIAH R. NEAVE & CO., Manufacturers, FORDINGBRIDGE, England.

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makes a great big profit when he sells imitations of Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum.

That's why some dealers desire to push off imitations and substitutes upon you. Adams' Tutti Frutti Chewing Gum is made from pure Chicle Gum, and no other gum is "just as good," or half so good.

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Goods suitably packed for transportation by Sleighs or otherwise. Requisite Custom House Papers prepared free of charge.

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BEN WILLIAMS & CO., 44 Fort street, mining brokers and operators. Stocks and shares sold on commission. Correspondence solicited.

STEAM COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS.

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MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, No. 41 Pandora street, dealers in all kinds of photographic material; views of British Columbia and Alaska.

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THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET CO. Lt., Gov't and Yates sts., Butchers and Packers; wholesale and retail dealers in fresh, salted and smoked meats, lard, etc., branch Vancouver.

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BRITISH COLUMBIA—Tel. 200—Largest estab.; country orders solicited. 141 Yates street.

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SCAVENGERS.

ED LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Jas. Townsley, 80 Government street; Speed Bros., corner Douglas and and Fort street, Schroeder Bros., corner Michigan and Menzies, will be promptly attended to.

Vancouver Business Directory

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BADMINTON HOUSE, rates $2 and $2.50.

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COMMERCIAL HOTEL. Turkish Baths.

Best $2 00 a Day House in Vancouver

F. J. COSTELLO, Manager.

Remember when going North that the

Hotel Astoria.

AT SKAGWAY,

Is the largest and best furnished Hotel in Alaska. Has steam heat, electric lights, bathroom, hot and cold water, call bells, etc. Reliable information as to freight and transportation furnished on application. Baggage stored free.

Headquarters for Victoria & B. C. Travellers.

CRAMPTON & ARMANTROUT, Props.

Beds 50c. to $1.50. No bunks.

Miss R. Stoddart A.V.C.M

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Pupil of Signor Titto Mattei, London, Eng.

PABST BOHEMIAN

From Milwaukee. The finest Beer the world ever produced, on draught at the

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The coolest, cleanest and cheapest Restaurant in the city. Never closes.

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(Berlin, Heidelberg and Leipzig.)

Late analyst for the province of New Brunswick. Assays and analyses of ores, minerals, fertilizers, waters, drugs, liquors, foods, etc. Office, Board of Trade Building, Victoria, B. C.

SCHLEY AT A BANQUET

Stirring Description of the Pursuit and Destruction of the Spanish Fleet.

War He Considers a Necessary Evil, the Medicine of the Body Politic.

By Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 26.—Rear-Admiral Winfield Scott Schley was the guest of honor at a banquet given to-night by the Lotus Club at their home on Fifth avenue. President Frank Lawrence presided, and seated with him at the guests' table were also Bishop Potter, Admiral Erbsen, Captain Sigsbee, General W. F. Randolph, Chauncey M. Depew, Colonel R. G. Ingersoll, Almon Goodwin, Rev. Minot W. Savage and Captain Mahon. Mr. Lawrence introduced Rear-Admiral Schley, who was accorded a tremendous ovation as he rose to speak:

"However well our work was done," he said, "the wrecks lying on the eastern end of Cuba tell the better story. It is curious how little things determine results. On July 2nd, by some of the strange emotions of telepathy, I felt that an outward movement had been determined on, and tried to connect the after and forward engines of my ships, yet I feared to be caught in an operation of hardly one hour. But I was told that the full speed of four engines and one half boiler power was greater than two engines and full boiler power, so I risked it. Much has been risked in battle. It appeared that at the very hour I was occupying my mind with this question, Cervera had planned his attempt to escape.

"Another curious fact was their army's retreat to the hills to the west of Santiago, and our army's rapidly closing about them. The insurgents took possession of the block houses to the number of six and burned them. That was the number of ships in Cervera's fleet, and he thought it was a signal to us of their intended movement. And he thought to fool the Yankees and remain. That little fact determined the result.

"The discipline was so complete and the men off Santiago so vigilant that the movement of the enemy's fleet was simultaneously discovered in every ship. The moment chosen by Cervera was 9:30 o'clock in the morning. He assumed that we would be at quarters, and we were. In three minutes the action had commenced. They came in beautiful order, technically a column, under high pressure of steam. Signals were made to close in and clear for action, followed by a general inward movement.

"Guns were opened. Such a bombardment as followed in the next 15 minutes rarely falls to the experience of anyone. The batteries east and west of the harbor opened on the vessels. The firing was of a kind that can only come with modern rapid-firing guns. The storm of projectiles that passed about us was simply terrific. I stood on the bridge to better determine which of three methods to pursue. The movement was made westward, the most vulnerable to the enemy. We followed at high speed until we determined that the attitude of the enemy was flight.

"The result in 20 minutes was that four of the enemy's ships were destroyed and on fire, in retreat to the beach, and two remained, the Vizcaya and the Colon, which put their helms aport and attempted to escape to the west, pursued by all of our fleet except two, who remained behind for humanity's sake and to save life, which is common to civilized warfare. Fifty-nine minutes from the time the Teresa and the Oquendo commenced flight they suffered terribly. It was the first time I have ever seen shingles literally fly from a ship. They were pierced by 100 projectiles, the water mains cut and set on fire. One shell alone killed and wounded 80 persons.

"At 11:05 o'clock the Teresa had made a movement as if to put to sea. She received three shells, one striking the after part of the ship and the others striking in the forward parts above the belt. Fire and smoke burst from her port-holes, flame and smoke from her hatchways. I thought she would capsize, so heavy was her list to port. She fired one shot to leeward, hauled down her colors and made for the beach to save her people.

"The Colon steamer up then out of range and I directed Capt. Cook of the Brooklin to go to dinner and the same signal was sent to the Oregon. Then I set to work the firemen and coalheavers, those noble, silent, effective workers upon whose efforts we were to depend. After 30 minutes of good speeding we gained so much on the Colon that I signalled Capt. Cook of the Oregon to let go one of his railway trains.

"One of his 13-inch guns was fired and the shot fell just astern. Then the Brooklyn fired an 8-inch shell which fell about an equal distance ahead. The third shot struck. Then the Brooklyn fired an 8-inch shell which struck on her quarter and wrecked the cabin and everything in it. We were then coming up within range. Seeing the danger she was in, the Colon fired a gun leeward and then ran ashore. Capt. Cook, flag captain, was sent to demand an unconditional surrender, which was granted.

"Some time after the commander-in-chief came and the prize was turned over to him and a substantial report was turned in. Commander Eaton at this juncture reported that the Pelayo had been seen on the coast and Admiral Sampson said "Schley, take the Oregon and go east and finish the job.'

"It ought to be said of the men of our navy that our gunners are without peers. War shortens life, but there is no doubt that it broadens it. It has been said that every generation of men should defend the spurs they inherited. The same authority also said 'point me a nation in which two generations have passed without war and you will point to one whose decadence has begun.'

"War is a necessary evil. It is to the modern body politic medicine the same as the natural and corporeal body has to take."

Admiral Schley then referred to his work in Porto Rico as commissioner and said that the people were gentle and that with Spanish oppression removed and and confidence established they would be an addition to the United States. What their position was, he said, he would leave to congress. In closing, he said: "As naval officers, the only politics that we know is to defend our country and believe that our government is always right."

For bargains in Jackets and Capes this week call at The Sterling, 88 Yates street.

PACIFIC MAIL SUBSIDIES.

U. S. Postmaster-General Recommends Them for Development of American Merchant Marine.

Washington, Nov. 25.—The necessity for the upbuilding of the American ocean shipping, particularly in the direction of fast mail steamers, capable of conversion into auxiliary cruisers, is treated at length in the annual report of Charles Emory Smith, postmaster-general. He says:

"The act of 1893 invested the postmaster-general with authority to enter into such contracts for the carrying of mails on American steamships as in his judgment will best subserve and promote the postal and commercial interests of the United States. The first fruits of this act were the powerful steamers, which, converted into armed cruisers, rendered such useful service in the war with Spain. They were employed in carrying the mails across the Atlantic and compare favorably with the Atlantic steamers under any flag.

"But the act further provides that the mail service in lines thus created should be equitably distributed among the Atlantic, Mexican Gulf and Pacific ports. In accordance with this provision, lines have been established to ports in the Gulf of Mexico and the steamers recently launched for this service, and just now undergoing inspection by a naval officer, will be available as cruisers should they be needed in a future emergency.

"No lines have thus fur been established under this act on the Pacific and the requirement of an equitable distribution, which enjoys attention in that direction, is forced and accentuated by the recent expansion of America interests on that ocean. Should steps be taken to extend our flag over American steamships on the Pacific at is has been moderately extended on the Atlantic, such action will not only comply with the spirit and purpose of the existing laws, and it will naturally follow and utilize the opening of American opportunity in that quarter."

CARLISTS IN FUNDS.

Story Told in England That They Will Soon Raid Spanish Monarchy.

London, Nov. 26.—An English Carlist positively asserts that Don Carlos' army will take the field in Spain soon after the treaty is signed. He declares that a loan has been fully financed and that it is divided equally between France and England, and adds that after the English capitalists were shown the evidence on which Don Carlos' chances of success are based, they offered several times the amount asked. Finally the English Carlist asserts that much more money would have been secured had it not been for the fact that Don Carlos stipulated that there should be no assistance from Jews, as he is apprehensive of their obtaining financial control of the monarchy. It is asserted that the Spanish government have known for some time that Don Carlos possessed an army, organized into battalions and batteries, officered and largely armed. But the Spanish ministers counted on his failure to secure funds. Therefore the Spanish government is said to be panic stricken and to be endeavoring to make the Spaniards believe that Great Britain has agreed to finance Don Carlos and that he in return has undertaken to cede the Canary Islands to Great Britain in the event of success.

FRANCE HAS BRIBED ITALY.

Admits Wines at Low Duties and Expects Support of Formidable Navy.

London, Nov. 26.—France and Italy, after a decade of tariff warfare have surprised their friends and enemies by concluding a commercial treaty which promises to shift the balance of power in Europe. But for the friendship of the United States, which emboldens Great Britain to comparative indifference regarding Continental combinations, the British would be alarmed at this prospect of Italy deserting the Triple Alliance, and adding her formidable navy to the Franco-Russian compact, which is held to be the inevitable result of a reunion of the two enstranged Latin nations.

The critics here deem the treaty to be a sequel to the Fashoda incident. France's decline in Egypt opened her eyes to the necessity of increasing the number of her friends. This fact has hastened the negotiations with Italy and will give her weaker neighbor the benefit of a minimum tariff long and vainly sought by the latter.

The Italians estimate that under the new arrangement a million hectolitres of heavy southern wines, which are used in mixing the lighter French wines, will be exported to France annually, resulting in a great impetus to Italian industry. In return France expects to remove the danger of having to cope with the Italian navy in the Mediterranean in the event of a German war and also nullify Germany's policy of isolating France.

Free trade Britain has no subsidy she can offer to maintain Italy's support, but in the present position of the world's politics, she is not so solicitous for it as she should have been a year ago. "What Great Britain loses in Italy," the Westminster Gazette declares, "she gains in the Philippines."

HEAVEN'S GIFT

To Suffering Humanity

Paine's Celery Compound

Works an Astonishing Cure in Goderich, Ont.

Mr. Beck's Doctor was of Opinion That He was Incurable

Wells & Richardson Co.

Gentlemen:—I wish to offer my testimony voluntarily in praise of Paine's Celery Compound. I am a tanner by trade, and about thirteen years ago had an attack of rheumatic fever. While recovering I took cold and had a relapse which ended in inflammatory rheumatism, and was laid up for two years. My doctor said I would not live to see my thirtieth year. I was afflicted with sleeplessness, and while almost giving up in despair your Paine's Celery Compound was recommended to me for insomnia. I bought a bottle and used it, and to my surprise it gave me natural rest and sleep, and after using six bottles I was entirely cured of inflammatory rheumatism.

My wife also used your medicine for insomnia, and before using one whole bottle was entirely cured. We have been using Paine's Celery Compound for years, and would not be without it now.

CHARLES E. BECK.
Goderich, Ont.

I know Mr. C. E. Beck intimately, and can vouch for what he says about Paine's Celery Compound.

JAMES WILSON, Druggist.

200 Boys' English School Suits, $1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.25, $2.50. B. Williams & Co.

PLAYERS AND THE PLAY

"Coon Hollow" Proves Something of a Puzzle and Not Yet Without Merit.

"Sewing the Wind" with Its Terrible Lesson To-Morrow—Seaside Scenes Utilized.

The critic or the advance notice artist who described "Coon Hollow" as a poetic idyl of the Tennessee mountains is evidently a gentle humorist in his own peculiar way. If there is anything that "The Romance of Coon Hollow" is not, it is poetic or idyllic. It is, however, almost anything else that the prince of melodramatic barnstormers wots of, or the queen of vaudeville can recall to memory. The plot is old enough to boast of patriarchial or even populistic whiskers; the dialogue teems with "unhand-me-villain" and "ah-ha-at-last-we-meet" familiar phrases; while the thrilling mechanical effects (the steamboat race, for instance), are about as exciting as a funeral stuck in the mud. There are, nevertheless, not a few good things about the play, even as produced last evening, which atone in measure for its crudities in both construction and interpretation. It affords Victor Moore opportunity to do some clever comedy work in his own Matsonesque manner; and shows Miss Anna Hollinger to have as yet undeveloped but none the less striking dramatic talent. Her Clyde Harrold, despite its lack of finish, was full of strong and expressive gesture, well-used dialect phrasing, and fire that, intelligently utilized, would be hailed as that of a great stage genius. There are an "auntie" and an "uncle" among the colored folk, too, who are delightful because they are content to be their natural selves; while Miss Alberta and William Asher are two step-dancers whose superiors in their specialty have yet to make their appearance in this city. A final feature—"Coon Hollow" introduces the very latest in the line of "coon songs," and even the parodies on what Victorians had heretofore regarded as the latest.

The sale of seats for "Sowing the Wind," which is the bill at the Victoria to-morrow night, opens at 9 a.m. to-day at the Victoria Book & Stationery Store. The play is described by critics as as strong a social study as the stage has offered in many years. The subject is the old story of the inequality of the sexes, but the treatment of the theme is new and original. Prior to the events of the play, Mr. Brabazon became enamored with a young woman beneath his social station. Marriage between them not been in order, according to the social dictum, she consented to an unsanctified relationship. This was soon dissolved through an unexpected rival, Lord Petworth, who convinced his closest friends and he (Brabazon) that she was the victim of disloyalty.

Here the play begins; its local motive being the love between Brabazon's adopted son, Armesley, and Rosamond, a concert singer of great beauty and successful, though shady notoriety. Brabazon prohibitively opposes their marriage. In the process of their resistance of Brabazon's obduracy Lord Petworth becomes an actor in the play as the consort of the early companion of Brabazon. The woman has been dead two months, having descended to the lower depths of disgrace. Petworth delivers to Rosamond a letter and likeness sent by her mother. This letter serves to satisfy the daughter that her mother was a loyal and meanly deserted woman, and she lodges the sin of it all against her unknown father. Later the girl reveals her identity as his child to Brabazon by the use of her mother's real name. He makes due acknowledgment, and the lovers receive his blessing. *

An announcement in the line of laughing shows for Saturday evening is Miller and Freeman's popular musical farce, "At Gay Coney Island." The principal claim to fame for this production it is departure from the ordinary groove. It is believed seashore incidents were not used for stage purposes up to the advent of this play. That there should be limitless opportunities for humorous dramatic construction from this theme should have long since occurred to the playwright. However, the industrious genius has finally commenced the cultivation of this unique field, and no doubt there will be many to follow in Coney Island's footsteps. Theatre-goers, however, prefer the original in all things theatrical, and have not apparently yet had enough of the humorous features, musical diversions and elaborate scenic pictures provided by "At Gay Coney Island." Thirty vaudevillists—for such are the people who now constitute farce comedy companies entirely—will be seen this season, and the management promises a list of ne wsongs not one of which shall fail to immediately appeal to the street whistler. There are also introduced a dozen of specialty features, not of the musical variety, but which are claimed to show an advancement in the terpsichorean art and in acrobatic feats of the grotesque nature. *

Mr. James L. Edwards, manager for the great hypnotist and mind reader, McEwen, is making the Dominion his home for a few days, while preparing for the week's stay of his principal at the Victoria theatre. Mr. Edwards is one of the very successful advance men of the coast, and he has one synonym, and one only, for success in the show business: it is "advertising." Although a hypnotist and exponent of the occult science is not such an attraction as one would naturally expect to find very extensively billed, Mr. Edwards intends to "bill McEwen like a circus." He has, indeed, secured twenty stands for his paper, instead of the eight usually taken by travelling dramatic attractions.

There will be a "Pearl of Pekin" rehearsal for soprano and alto voices at the A.O.U.W. hall (upstairs) this evening.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

DOMINION HOTEL.

J. W. Fritch, Pittsburg.
Edwin Guess and wife, Duncan.
Charles Phillips, New York.
Harry Simonds, Boston.
R. B. Hughes, Winnipeg.
Thos. More, Shuswap.
James S. Edwards, Vancouver.
H. Ogilvie, Chicago.
M. Breman, Coon Hollow Co.
Clayton Legge, Coon Hollow Co.
Victor Moore, Coon Hollow Co.
P. J. Malone, Coon Hollow Co.
T. H. Jones, Atlin City.
W. D. Kinslow, Atlin City.
Mrs. T. Morton and child, Seattle.
P. Lingley, San Francisco.
C. F. Scott, city.
E. J. Dunhamel, Tacoma.
Frank Milligan, England.
Miss Lulu Frazer, New Westminster.
Karl Smeds, St. Paul.
Miss M. Smeds, St. Paul.

THE LOCAL NEWS.

It is said that the soldiers who had taken Hood's Sarsaparilla stood the long marches in Cuba much better than the others.

Auction To-Day.—To-day at 2 o'clock W. T. Hardaker will sell at auction at No. 6 Humboldt street a desirable lot of furniture and household effects.

Imbert Returned.—George Imbert, who was reported lost in the Sooke hills, turned up in camp on Sunday afternoon, not looking as if he had put in three days and a half in the woods.

Choral Service.—The first of a series of choral services was held in St. John's church on Sunday evening after the regular service. There was a large attendance and the music was well selected and much enjoyed.

An Appreciative Congregation.—During the evening service at the First Presbyterian church on Sunday Rev. P. C. L. Harris sang the hymn, "Abide With Me." The solo was splendidly rendered and greatly appreciated by the congregation.

Iolanthe Rehearsal.—The next rehearsal of "Iolanthe" for both principals and chorus, will take place at the Y. M. C. A. hall on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. It is earnestly requested that all who are taking part in the opera will make it a point to be present.

Basket Ball.—The next league game of basket bill will be played to-morrow evening, commencing at 9:15, between the Swifts and No. 1 company. The Swifts team will be chosen from the following: W. McConnell, R. Knox, F. Cullin, W. H. Kinsman, S. Norman, F. McKitrick, F. Elford, E. Stark and W. McKeon.

Carley is Curious.—The editor of the Nelson Economist is apparently very much concerned over the closing of the Y.M.C.A. in this city, a subject which he deals with in paragraph in his last issue. He wants to know whether the association is closed because Victorians have become so good that they no longer have use for it; or because they are so bad as to be abandoned as hopeless.

Not a Robbery.—The rumor gained circulation on Sunday, starting as rumors do, no one knew where, that a bold attempt had been made to rob one of the local banks. The origin of the story was as mysterious as could be wished until Officer Redgrave found the explanation. Some one had noticed the moving of the Dominion Savings Bank during the night and immediately became excited.

Work Commenced. — Ground was broken yesterday for the brick warehouse to be erected on lower Johnson street for Captain Williams. The building will be a brick and stone one, and will cover the ravine between the E. & N. railway station and Johnson street, but one story being above the level of Johnson street. The masonry work is being done by Ald. Bragg for the contractor, H. Munday. The contract price is $4,000.

Gospel Temperance Service.—After the regular service at the Centennial Methodist church on Sunday evening a Gospel Temperance meeting was held, with Mr. N. Shakespeare in the chair. Rev. P. C. L. Harris delivered an eloquent address, his subject being "The Duty of the Hour." A duet, "The Prayer of the Wanderer," was beautifully sung by Messrs. Harris and Brown. The meeting was a decided success.

Complimented the Press.—In the course of his address on Sunday evening at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Rev. W. Leslie Clay paid the press of Victoria a compliment. He thought the local papers in many respect ahead of some of the big Eastern dailies, particularly in moral character. In this sense he regarded the press of Canada as being of a higher standard than that of most other countries. He also drew interesting comparison between papers of to-day and those of a century ago.

Music From Many Sources.—The musical novelties as rendered by Weston and Herbert, and which are surprising and delighting audiences at the Trilby music hall this week, are too good to be missed. Pleasing music is extracted from a variety of bottles, from apparently ordinary tin funnels, from a desk, a typewriter and sleigh-bells. The banjo and zylophone duets are remarkably good. If the programme was rendered in the Victoria, everybody would think they had received their money's worth.

Water Rights in Dispute.—Mr. J. B. Hobson, manager of the Cariboo and Horsefly hydraulic mines, is in the city, accompanied by a number of officials and employees of the companies. The object of their visit is to defend an action that has been brought against the Horsefly company in respect to water rights, it being charged that they are using more water than they are entitled to under their charter. Pending a meeting of the company to be held shortly, and at which reports on the season's work will be submitted, Mr. Hobson did not wish to speak of what has been done or the prospects for the future.

Another Week's Service.—The present week with next Sunday will conclude Dr. Spencer's series of services at Calvary Baptist church. In the afternoons he gives Bible readings, and every evening discourses on popular subjects. Last week's services were greatly helpful to the congregations attending. There is an absence of excitement, and yet a deep interest is taken in the subjects discussed. Dr. Spencer is a firm believer in the Bible and the possibilities to be attained in human life by obedience thereto. His work in Europe and North America has been largely in direction attention of the verities of the Christian religion and to preach the gospel in the language easy to be understood. Citizens personally are invited. Quite a number have professed conversion.

Prospects Are Good.—Advices received from Quesnelle river in regard to the work being done for the Golden River-Quesnelle Company, under the superintendence of Mr. Joseph Hanter, of this city, are most satisfactory. This company are damming the river and building an immense flume to carry the water over the ground which they intend to work. The dam being about completed, they were able a short time ago to hold the water to enable certain work to be done on the lower river by the government. This also gave the company an opportunity to prospect that portion of the bed of the river which they intend to work, and the results, according to mining men, were most satisfactory, considerable gold being taken out. In early days men made fair wages on the Quesnelle by securing the gravel from the bed of the river by means of dipper-shaped shovels with long handles and then washing it in rockers.

You hardly realize that it is medicine when taking Carter's Little Liver Pills; they are very small; no bad effects; all trouble from torpid liver are relieved by their use.

The Cider Was Sweet.—Victoria's police have become very zealous of late in the enforcement of the Sunday closing law, and it is related of one of them that last Saturday at 11:05 he hailed the proprietor of a little fruit stand on Johnson street, who also dispenses soft drinks, with the order: "It's after 11 o'clock; you'll have to lock up that keg of cider." In vain the man protested that it was sweet cider; it had to go. Next Saturday it will not go till midnight, for the man has ought advice, and has been informed that he is not a licensed vendor of liquor and does not have to close until the witching hour.

Deserter From the Navy.—A man who says he deserted from the navy at Victoria about six weeks ago, is in trouble in Seattle. He found on the waterfront there a certificate of deposit for $100 in favor of one Joe Febio. Armed with this he went to a clothing store and ran a bill for $60 for clothes not particularly suited to him—in fact, he was so easy a prey that the dealer became suspicious before the certificate was produced. When asked to endorse this document, the man laboriously wrote Joe Debaras. A policeman took him in, and at the station, before confessing, he said his name was E. Feby. The police have not decided what kind of a charge to lay against him, or whether to send him over to Victoria.

More New Members.—Seven new members were elected at the monthily meeting of the S.P.C.A., held last evening, viz., Mrs. F. C. Holden, Miss A. Pemberton, Miss S. Pemberton, Mr. J. Pemberton, Mrs. E. Pratt, H. E. Newton, and C. N. Cameron. Several cases of cruelty were dealt with by the officers of the society during the month, and at present men training dogs for dog teams are receiving articular attention. Attenion is again drawn to the fact that anonymous letters will not be taken notice of, but the names of those supplying information will be kept strictly private and confidential. The Band of Mercy in connection with the schools is progressing most satisfactorily.

An Unpleasant Experience.—Two well known lady residents of Victoria West had a decidedly unpleasant experience on Sunday evening, owing to the unfamiliarity of one of them with that most treacherous of all means of conveyance, the Siwash canoe. They had been coming into town, and finding the railway bridge open, engaged a native boy to bring them across. As she was getting ashore one of the ladies stepped on the side of the skittish craft, the natural result being an upset. Both ladies as well as their youthful ferryman got a chilly ducking; it might very easily have proved infinitely more serious had not their cries for assistance as they clung to the overturned canoe attracted the attention of Fireman T. Hodge, who was in the locality, and who immediately drew them out of the water and saw them well cared for.

Encourage Home Production.—After considering in all its bearings the practice of certain Victoria firms of sending away for their commercial printing, the Typographical Union, No, 201, has adopted the following sensible resolution: "Whereas it is well known that many business men and corporations in the city of Victoria are in the habit of sending to cities in Eastern Canada or Britain for their commercial printing, and whereas this practice has assumed such large proportions as to seriously injure the printing establishments of this city to materially reduce the number of printers employed, and consequently is a serious detriment to the community at large; Therefore be is resolved, that Victoria Typographical Union, No. 201, hereby condemns the pernicious practice of sending abroad for printing as being prejudicial to the best interests of the city; Resolved, further, that in the opinion of this Union the patronizing of home industries by its citizens is absolutely necessary to secure permanent prosprity for the city of Victoria; and be it further resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the Committee of Fifty, with the request that the practice herein complained of be investigated, and such steps as may be deemed necessary be taken to eradicate this suicidal practice."

PASSENGERS.

By steamer City of Seattle from the Sound:

Mrs. Small.	F. H. Cains and wife.
Miss Blanchette.	S. N. Henry.
H. D. McHoffin.	Chas. Kelley.
Miss Horace.	Miss McCarren.
W. Bishop.	P. O'Brien.
Mrs. Hardy.	D. H. Dunworth.
Mrs. Marton.	W. R. Watson, wife.
B. F. Gordon.	N. R. Watson.
D. Johnston.	F. Dand.
D. B. Loonie.	D. D. Price.
C. S. Small.	E. D. Coyle.
C. Legge.	N. D. Kinslow.
F. D. Carnes and wife	A. McDonald.
F. Henderson.	E. D. Dorbone.
C. M. Norton.	D. Brennan.
W. Asher.	M. Chessman.
P. D. Malone.	R. T. Ward.
N. Mardison.	Capt. Gray.
G. McGinnis.	P. W. Clark.
M. Chingre.	Thos. Jones.
E. B. Evans.	D. N. Girard.
Victor Moore.	D. D. Price and wife
Miss Hattland.	Donald Brown.
S. D. Wallace.	Miss Hollinger.
A. S. Morris.	D. Lindsay.
D. Walker and wife.	D. Tagg.

CONSIGNEES.

By steamer City of Seattle from the Sound:

Jay Co.	Dickinson.
R. H. Johnson.	Vic. Lum. Mnfg. Co.
Toronto Type F.	Naval Officers.
P. McQuade & Son	Weller Bros.
B. C. Furniture Co.	Hudson Bay Co.
T. F. Wallenstein.	Johns Bros.

Annual Sales over 6,000,000 Boxes

BEECHAM'S PILLS

FOR BILIOUS AND NERVOUS DISORDERS

such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Giddiness, Fulness after meals, Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Cold Chills, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations.

THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. Every sufferer will acknowledge them to be

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to complete health. They promptly remove obstructions or irregularities of the system and cure Sick Headache. For a

Weak Stomach
Impaired Digestion
Disordered Liver
IN MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN
Beecham's Pills are
Without a Rival

And have the LARGEST SALE of any Patent Medicine in the World. Drug Stores.

HYGIENE OF THE MOUTH AND STOMACH.

The great importance of attention to the Hygiene of the mouth and stomach is insisted upon by the Medical Profession. No better means can be adopted than the regular use of about a wineglassful of "Apenta" Water on first rising in the morning.

The mouth should be rinsed with it before drinking.

"APENTA"

THE BEST LAXATIVE.

OF ALL DRUGGISTS AND MINERAL WATER DEALERS.

Seagram's Whisky and "Thistle Blend"

SOLE AGENTS

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ld.

DINNEFORD'S

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel; the safest and most gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

MAGNESIA

Sold Throughout the World.

N.B.—ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

The Following Christmas Numbers Have Arrived

LONDON NEWS :-: HOLLY LEAVES
LONDON GRAPHIC :-: BLACK and WHITE

If you want to secure one or more before Christmas make sure of it by giving your order to

T. N. HIBBEN & CO.

Don't Go to Klondike....

WITHOUT AN

Albion Stove

...WE HAVE...

MINERS'

FOLDING DEFLECTING STOVES,
STRONG SHEET STEEL STOVES,
That are made to last.
COMBINATION COOKING and HEATING STOVES of Special Design. Each Stove has Pipe and a Bake Pan packed inside.

ALBION IRON WORKS CO., LTD. LTY.

Just Think of It

ECHO

If all the soap used in Victoria was manufactured by W.J. PENDRAY, it would mean employment to at least twenty-five more men; 25 more families would be supported in our city; twenty-five more houses rented; twenty-five more grocers', bakers' and butchers' bills paid, and hundreds of boots and shoes, clothes, dresses used, besides, you keep the money in our own country instead of sending it out.

...ASK FOR...

W. J. Pendray's Soaps

And Encourage Home Industries.

Victoria Harbor Mission

Under Patronage of Bishop of Columbia

The Mission works amongst the sailors supplies the ships with a free grant of books and papers. The Seamen's Institute on Store street is free to sailors.

Subscriptions and all kinds of books and papers are earnestly asked for and may be sent to the institute.

Address REV. W. E. H. ELLISON, Harbor Chaplain.

Municipal Elections for 1898

The following persons are entitled to vote, namely:

FOR MAYOR.

Any person qualified to vote for aldermen is entitled to vote for Mayor.

FOR ALDERMEN.

The following persons are entitled to vote in any ward in which they may be registered as ratepayers, that is to say, any male or female being a British subject, and of the full age of twenty-one years, and

(a.) Who is the assessed owner of land or of improvements or the assessed occupier of lands situate within the municipality, or

(A.) Who is the representative, duly authorized by the directors of an incorporated company which is the assessed owner of lands or of improvements of lands situate within the municipality, or

(b.) Who is a resident of and carries on business, and is the holder of a trades license in the municipality, the annual fee for which is not less than $5.00, and who has paid on or before the 1st day of November, 1898, the full license fee therefor, or

(c.) Who is a householder within the municipality. "A householder" is defined as a person who holds and occupies a messuage, dwelling, or tenement; or any part or portion of a messuage, dwelling or tenement, within the municipality, paying therefor a rental or rent value of not less than $60 per annum. Householders must have paid all municipal rates, taxes and license fees (exclusive of water rate or rent) on or before the 1st day of December, 1898, to entitle them to make the declaration as mentioned below, and in order to be included in the voters' list must, on or before the 1st day of December, 1898, enter their names with the assessor or clerk of the municipality as voters and make and personally deliver to the clerk or the assessor at the same time a statutory declaration as set out in sec. 6, sub-section (2) of the Municipal Elections Act. Forms of the said declaration may be obtained at the office of Mr. W. W. Northcott, assessor, City Hall.

No Chinese, Japanese or Indians are entitled to vote.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

Victoria, B. C., 8th November, 1898.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office,
Victoria, Nov. 28, 8 p.m.

SYNOPSIS.

The barometric pressure is abnormally low to-night throughout Canada from Manitoba westward to the Pacific, and high over California and Utah. The weather has been mild and showery along the Coast, and with the exception of a light snowfall in Manitoba, fair and comparatively mild throughout the Northwest Territories. There are no indications of any immediate improvement in the present weather conditions.

TEMPERATURES.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	40	46
Kamloops	30	36
Barkerville	14	30
Calgary	16	36
Winnipeg	..	30
Portland	42	48
San Francisco	48	52

FORECASTS.

For twenty-four hours from 5 a.m. (Pacific time) Tuesday:

Victoria and vicinity—Southerly winds, fresh to strong off the coast; mild with rains.

Lower Mainland—Continued mild and rainy.

VICTORIA RECORD SUNDAY.

Temperatures:	Deg.		Deg.
5 a.m.	45	Mean	45
Noon	48	Highest	50
5 p.m.	41	Lowest	41

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m. ..... 15 miles west.
Noon ..... 16 miles west.
5 p.m. ..... 16 miles south.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.
Sunshine—2hrs. 6 min.
Barometer at noon—Observed 29.748
Corrected 29.690

VICTORIA RECORD—MONDAY.

Temperature:	Deg.		Deg.
5 a.m.	44	Mean	43
Noon	45	Highest	46
5 p.m.	44	Lowest	41

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m. ..... 12 miles west.
Noon ..... 6 miles east.
5 p.m. ..... 11 miles southeast.

Rain—.31 inches.
Average state of weather—Cloudy.
Sunshine—18 minutes.
Barometer at noon—Observed 29.960
Corrected 29.881

E. BAYNES REED,
Provincial Forecast Official.

JAPAN'S CLAN CABINET.

General Yamagata Becomes Prime Minister—The Government Drawn From Two Families.

The ascendancy of the quasi-military, or "active foreign policy" party in Japan is well indicated in the selection of General Marquis Yamagata, the hero of the war that brought Japan to the status of adult among the nations, as premier of the empire—news of which was received by the Glenogle on Sunday morning. The new premier is understood to contemplate a vigorous, or even aggressive foreign policy, and the immediate undertaking of important defence works in various parts of the empire. Much is expected from him by the native press, which points to the fact that he is not what has come to be termed a "professional politician," and urges him to pursue the simple, courageous and straightforward course that is natural to him and worthy of a Japanese officer. The organization of the Yamagata cabinet was announced the day before the Glenogle sailed from Yokohama, as follows:

Premier, Marquis Yamagata; home affairs, Marquis Saigo; foreign affairs, Viscount Aoki; finance, Count Matsugata; navy, Vice-Admiral Yamamoto; justice, Mr. Kiyoura; education, Admiral Count Kabayama; agriculture and commerce, Mr. Sone; communications, Viscount Yoshikawa.

Of the above, Mr. Kiyoura, Mr. Sone and Viscount Yoshikawa were all members of the last Ito cabinet. Viscount Katsura, the minister of war, retains his portfolio, while Marquis Saigo has been transferred from the navy to the home department. Thus another Strong Clan cabinet has again taken the reins of power. It includes four Satsuma men—Marquis Saigo, Count Matsugata, Count Kabayama and Admiral Youmamoto—and four Chushu men, Marquis Yamagata, Viscount Aoki, Viscount Katsura and Mr. Sone.

DR. CHASE CURES CATARRH AFTER OPERATIONS FAIL.

Toronto, March 16, 1897.

My boy, aged 14, has been a sufferer from catarrh, and lately we submitted him to an operation at the general hospital. Since then we have resorted to Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure, and one box of this medicine has made a prompt and complete cure. H. G. FORD,
Foreman Cowan Ave. Fire Hall.

FAME'S PATHWAY.

Dudley Hardy has designed about 350 posters.

Oom Paul, it is said, has latterly begun to assume a little more of the pomp and ceremony of a president. He now has seven troopers to escort him from one government building to another.

Mrs. John Wood enjoys the reputation in the profession of being the most word-perfect actress in this country. She has a wonderful memory, studies quickly and is seldom obliged to resort to "gag."

Among Col. Roosevelt's less-known hunting experiences was that of tramping upon a rattlesnake in Colorado. The reptile stung the future Rough Rider and made a sick man of him for several days.

COAL, Nut Coal - $4.25
Lump " - 5.50
Full weight given.
Munn, Holland & Co.
Corner Broad St. and Trounce Avenue

A GOOD SAMARITAN.

Captain Roope of the Pechili Has a Memorable Experience in the Philippines.

Spaniards Whose Live. Have Been Saved Reward the Saviour With Ingratitude.

Captain Matthew Roope, of the British mercantile marine, has no longer any consideration or respect for the Spaniard in any place or form. Captain Roope is just now in Shanghai looking for a new command, and the incident that cost him his last ship, the steamer Pechili, explains, in great part, the present antipathy to the decadent Latin race. It makes quite an interesting story, too, as the officers by the Glenogle tell it, with extracts from the Shanghai newspaper that originally interviewed the late skipper of the Pechili, and set down in print his tale of tribulation.

The Pechili, Roope, master, is just such a vagrant of the seas as Kipling has pictured for the world to recognize, in several of his best short stories. She is dirty, erratic in her movements, and as liable as not to change owners or flag or service at a moment's notice to her master, in addition to whom there is no one to be consulted. Last summer this typical tramp of the tropics was in the inter-island trade in the Southern Philippines, and on September 22 visited Cataguanes, an island of considerable importance in the hemp trade.

The Governor of the island was unaware that peace had been proclaimed; in fact, he had no communication from the central government of the Philippines since April last.

After the Pechili had taken in her cargo and was actualy weighing her anchor to proceed to Cebu a boat was observed coming from the shore conveying one of the principal shippers, who was frantically waving his hand for the steamer to stop.

He was soon alongside, and told the captain that very serious news had been received from the Governor of Albay to the effect that the whole of the southern ports of Luzon were in insurrection, and the rebels were on their way to take the towns.

Would the captain go to Legaspi and rescue the women and children from being massacred?

As a gallant sailor, Captain Roope at once consented, especially as Legaspi was only 50 miles away. He reached there the same day and found the Spaniards panic-stricken, the local garrison, which consisted of native carabineros, having all deserted and gone to join the insurgents, who were within two hours' march of the town.

So frightened were they, that men, women and children—including the Governor and the officials—came on board without any baggage whatever, having left behind all their worldly goods to the tender mercies of the rebels. In fact, it was a regular stampede out of Legaspi, as previous to the arrival of the Pechili another steamer had left Legaspi full of refugees, consisting mostly of friars from the interior, who had a rough time in escaping from the rebels.

Captain Roope arrived at Cebu on September 23, and was the first to bring the news that the whole of the southern provinces of Luzon—the principal hemp district—were in the hands of the insurgents.

"On arriving at Cebu," says Captain Roope, "our passengers, those of whom we had saved from certain and cruel death, showed us the depth of their gratitude by refusing to pay their passage money, some alleging as a reason that they had not been fed at all! With so many refugees on board, fresh provisions may possibly have run short, but there was no end of canned goods on board, and we had actually been feeding them with all the delicacies of Crosse and Blackwell's factory.

"It should be said that the refusal to pay the passage money came mostly from the Spanish officials, who were accustomed to prey upon the ignorant natives and get everything free.

"As misfortunes never come singly, we had to contend with another trouble, for the Governor of Cebu promptly refused to allow us to land the refugees, fearing that it might stir up the natives if they came to know that the Spaniards were flying from the southern provinces in face of the rebel advance.

"Eventually a small Spanish steamer came alongside and relieved us of our passengers, taking them on to Iloilo. We were afterwards informed that on reaching Iloilo the Governor there likewise refused to allow the refugees to land. Driven from pillar to post, the refugees at length succeeded in reaching Manila, where American protection was extended to them.

"On our return to Cebu we found H. M. gunboat Rattler there, having been sent for by the British consul, as the rebels were threatening the town and the Britishers there were rather anxious for some protection from stray bullets. It seems that the presence of the gunboat has quieted things down a bit.

"During my stay there, from September 23 to 30, the Spanish officials seemed very uneasy and were preparing to send their families away owing to a telegram having been received from the Governor of Iloilo to send thence all the forces Cebu could spare, as 3,000 insurgents had landed on the coast with the object of taking Iloilo.

"It is needless to say that the Governor of Iloilo, with the consideration of his own safety in mind, never complied with the order.

"We believe that the Rattler proceeded afterwards to Iloilo to protect British interests there.

"Before proceeding to attack the southern provinces, the insurgents cut all telegraphic communications with Manila, so that nothing is known there of what is going on in the south.

"You are already aware that when the insurrection broke out in Cebu in the early part of the year, the Spaniards bombarded the port. The town is still in ruins and nothing has so far been done in the way of repairs. A number of broken-open safes lying in the streets afford unmistakable proof that the place was sacked. The Spaniards accuse the natives of it, and the latter affirm that the Spanish soldiers themselves looted the town.

"No United States man-of-war has as yet appeared, either in Cebu or Iloilo, and the natives say that at the first appearance of the Americans they will make short work of all the Spaniards. These fully realize their serious position and appear to think that they would not be able to hold out much longer. When the Pechili was in Cebu several Spanish steamers, now under the American flag, arrived, and their skippers were ordered by the Governor to haul down the flag while in port. Thousands of natives flocked to the seaside to have a look at the 'Stars and Stripes.'

"Leaving Legaspi, on our way to Cebu, we met a small steamer and stopped to communicate with her. She was crowded with soldiers and refugees and reported that she came from the Island of Dleat, where there was hard fighting with the rebels, who ultimately defeated the Spaniards, and they had to abandon the place. In parting with her the passengers on both steamers gave three Viva Espana."

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

·DR· PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Awarded
Highest Honors, World's Fair
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

SUSPICIOUS CIRCUMSTANCES.

Provincial Police Are Investigating the Burning of a Fairgrove Estate Dwelling Saturday Night.

The particular locality just off the Cedar Hill road toward Mount Tolmie, and known as the Fairgrove estate, was, for the third time within a few years, the scene of a somewhat mysterious fire on Saturday night last—a fire at which the department could, of course, do nothing, but in connection with which the provincial police are now making a few inquiries.

The building destroyed was a two-story frame dwelling belonging to Elizard Tetu, a Frenchman who has but recently returned to the country from an extended stay in California. He was out at the property on Friday last with a Chinaman, cleaning up the place and building a verandah for a promised tenant. There was no fire built, however, and it is difficult to account for the blaze that Mr. and Mrs. W. McKeon discovered shortly after midnight on Saturday.

They had been spending the evening at the residence of Rev. Mr. Flinton, and were returning home when they noticed the dense black smoke rising over the Tetu place and detected a strong smell of coal oil in the air. Mr. McKeon, on investigating closer, found a ladder at the building, and a chair just outside the door, with a Chinaman's white kitchen coat on the back of it. As it had been raining a second deluge and yet the coat was dry, Mr. McKeon thought the circumstances sufficiently suspicious to induce him to take possession of the chair, the ladder and the coat. The house and everything else in and about it burned to ashes.

Another suspicious circumstance reported to the police is that while Tetu claims to have been ill at his room in the city, Mr. Hurlburt and two other residents of the district declare that they met him on the road and coming toward town very shortly after the fire was discovered. Mr. Hurlburt says that it was in front of Macrae's milk ranch that he passed the Frenchman, the latter muffled up to the eyes and apparently drunk. He was hurrying townward with his head down, and would neither stop nor talk when halted and requested to look where the reflection of the fire was already reddening the sky. Tetu, on the other hand, insists that it was a case of mistaken identity; that he did not leave his bed on Saturday night; and that the place must have been set on fire by some malicious Chinaman.

The insurance amounted to $600 in all—$400 on building and $200 on contents—placed with one of the companies represented by Pemberton & Sons.

COWICHAN DISTRICT.

Flockmasters' Association Hold Their Anniversary Dinner—Water For Logging Needed.

Duncan, Nov. 28.—The sixth anniversary dinner of the Vancouver Island Flockmasters' Association was held at Mr. C. H. Dickie's Quamichan hotel on Saturday evening, with the president, Captain Edward Barkley, R.N., occupying the chair, and supported by Premier Semlin, W. R. Robertson, M.P.P., Reeve T. A. Wood, Captain Hon. H. H. Addington, Hon. Mr. Martin, Lindley Crease and some forty flockmasters and farmers of the district.

The premier, who was enthusiastically received, in responding to the toast of the legislative assembly, referred to his long residence in the province as a farmer, spoke of the great signs of prosperity in the mining, lumbering and fishing industries, and the opportunities thus offered to the farmer to dispose of his produce, contending that the whole needs of the population might and should be supplied by home grown products. The toast list was interspersed by many good songs, given by Messrs. A. Drummond, J. Hood, J. Nicholles, H. Neelin, A. Lilley, M. Greer and others.

The logging fraternity are anxiously watching the weather for signs, more water being needed for the successful "driving" of the Cowichan, down which 14,000,000 feet of logs, now lying at the outlet of the river from Cowichan lake, are to be floated to the booms in Cowichan bay.

At the court house on Saturday, before H. O. Wellburn and W. C. Duncan, J. P.'s, a batch of cases from Chemainus for drinking offences under the Indian act, were heard. Some were fined $25 for being in possession of fire water.

It is understood that Lord Kitchener, while on his visit to Balmoral, presented to Queen Victoria many interesting relics of the battle of Omdurman. The final destiny of the Khalifa's standard is not at present known, but as it seems to have been captured by the Soudanese troops it it thought not improbable that it may hang in the Khedive's palace at Cairo.

Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt shares her husband's enjoyment for cartoons. Mrs. Thomas Platt has said that she sometimes fears to open a paper, and so, too, does Mrs. Russell Sage; but Mrs. Roosevelt has made quite a collection of the multitudinous representations of the Rough Rider.

They make one feel as though life was worth living. Take one of Carter's Little Liver Pills after eating; it will relieve dyspepsia, give tone and vigor to the system.

WANT HELP TO LET GO.

Returning American Officer Thinks Philippines a Burden Not a Blessing.

Unsuited in All Conditions for Colonization—Soldiers Against Retention.

Captain Frederick Keye, of the First North Dakota Volunteers, arrived in Victoria on Sunday morning last by the steamship Glenogle, going through to his old home in Fargo, where he had hoped to spend Thanksgiving Day. He is direct from Manila, which he left on leave less than a month ago, and was overwhelmed with astonishment on learning that the United States had offered, and Spain shown a disposition to accept $20,000,000 for the Philippines.

"Why," he said, "I don't pretend to be any authority, but I hold the opinion, I think, of all the officers at Manila—that Uncle Sam don't want the Philippines. They would'nt be any use to him, and they'd be a constant source of annoyance and expense. The distance from our own shores, the climate and the characteristics of population all forbid the Americanizing of the islands, while the people are utterly incapable of self-government.

"Our position there, it seems to me, is very like that of the man who had the bear by the tail. We daren't let go just now, but if some other nation would kindly come along and help us to let go, it would be a mighty good idea. There's no reason in the cry for the retention of the islands. It's simply pride of possession and natural acquisitiveness.

"The condition of affairs when I left? Why, about the same. I did not see much of what was going on, my duty being chiefly outpost, protecting the south side of the town at old Fort Malate. The United States forces have now been advanced to guard also the waterworks side. The source of annoyance and danger is the constantly quarrelling party for self-government. My duty was to watch one of Agulnaldo's lieutenants, who, while supposedly devoted to his chief, was quite ready at any time to sacrifice him and start in business as a liberator on his own account. There's no solidity or community of purpose among them. Down in the southern districts the revolutionists are in possession, but there they are a different party again from Aguinaldo's.

"No, you can safely say the feeling of the United States officers on the ground is against the retention of the Philippines."

CHRONIC RHEUMATISM CURED IN TWO WEEKS.

Griffith's Magic Liniment the Greatest Rheumatic Remedy Known—The First Application Relieved.

Mr. Robert Latimer, of Langley Prairie, B.C., writes: I cannot speak too strongly of the merits of Griffith's Magic Liniment. I had been troubled with rheumatism for many years. During that time I tried every remedy I thought would give me relief. Nothing I could get gave me any relief until using Griffith's Magic Liniment. I rubbed the liniment on as directed for two weeks, night and morning, after which my rheumatism entirely left me and has not troubled me since. It is a wonderful remedy. Griffith's Magic penetrates muscle, membrane and tissue to the very bone; relieves pains and aches with a power impossible with any other remedy.

Sold by all druggists, 25 cents.

ECHOES FROM ABROAD.

The remarkable exhortation of Lord Chief Justice Russell on Lord Mayor's day concerning the evils of company promoting with the purchasing names of the nobility, coupled with the statement, that the British public has lost $140,000,000 in sixty years in unsound industrial investments, has excited general attention, but has not called forth any definite plans showing how to put a stop to this deplorable state of things.

Lord Kelvin, now more than seventy-five years old, has just taken out a patent on an improved device for making soundings at sea. Although his life work has been philosophical rather than mechanical, and has related to physical phenomena, Lord Kelvin is the author of a number of useful instruments, among them the siphon recorder for registering cable messages, and the quadrant electrometer.

Of the members of the present British Cabinet eight are old Etonians, namely, the Marquis of Salisbury, Mr. Balfour, Lord Cross, the Marquis of Lansdowne, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Earl Cadogan, Lord Balfour of Burleigh, and Mr. Akers-Douglas. Of the rest, Lord George Hamilton, Mr. Chaplin, Sir Matthew White Ridley, and Mr. Walter Long are Harrovians; Mr. Goschen is an old Rugby boy; Lord James of Hereford went to Cheltenham; while the Duke of Devonshire, Lord Halsbury, Mr. Chamberlain, and Mr. Ritchie were all privately educated.

Severe Headaches

Resulting from Catarrh Cause Great Suffering

The Great Blood Purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures.

Sufferers from any disease caused by impure blood should never be discouraged about taking Hood's Sarsaparilla because other medicines have failed to give relief. Remember Hood's Sarsaparilla cures when all others fail. Read this statement:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—I think it my duty to let you know what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for me. I was suffering with severe headaches daily and also with catarrh. One day a paper was left at my house and in looking it over I read of your great medicine's value to my fellow sufferers. I reasoned that if it cured them, why would it not cure me, although I must own I had some doubts about it, as I

Had Tried So Many

so-called cures which had failed even to relieve me. At last I procured a bottle and after taking all the medicine the headaches had left me and my catarrh trouble was much better. I continued taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and have derived so much benefit from it that I would advise any one troubled with impure blood to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. I feel better now than I have for years, thanks to Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. E. GREY, 27 St. Nicholas St., Toronto, Ontario.

Remember **Hood's Sarsaparilla** Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25c.

Thanksgiving

Order Early and Secure Delivery.

Turkeys

NEW FRUIT for your Puddings
MINCED PEEL, in Drums, cut very handy
NEW MINCE MEAT

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

Try RADNOR WATER

TURNER, BEETON & CO., Agents.

—THE—

VICTORIA SHOE CO'Y

Ltd.....Headquarters for

FINE SHOES

Our Stock is Large and Very Complete

Winter Footwear

Ladies' Calf Golfing Boots (waterproof) Lace and Button.
Ladies' Box Calf Boots (waterproof) Lace and Button.
Mens' Rubber Sole Boots in Russet and Black.
Mens' Box Calf Boots (waterproof)
Mens' English Grain Watertights

Rubbers, Rubber Boots

N.B.—We make a specialty of Boys' and Girls School Boots.

THE VICTORIA SHOE CO., LTD.

(Late Gilmore & McCandless.)

35 JOHNSON STREET

E. G. PRIOR & CO., Ltd Lty.

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE

IRON, STEEL, NAILS, ETC.....

Mill and Mining Supplies

Wagons, Buggies, Cutters, Farm Implements

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, KAMLOOPS

Bank of British Columbia

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (with power to increase) £600,000 $2,920,000
RESERVE £100,000 $486,666

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CANADIAN-YUKON GOLD FIELDS

Drafts, Letters of Credit, Etc., issued direct on Dawson City.

Savings Bank Department

Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed thereon.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking Business transacted.
Victoria, B. C., November, 1898. GEO. GILLESPIE, Manager.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall apply at the next sitting of the Board of License Commissioners, held in the city of Victoria, for a transfer of the license now held by me of the Germania Saloon, Johnson street, to William Thiemsen.

(Signed) E. G. WALKER.

AUCTION MORTGAGEE'S LAND SALE—Fourteen acres, part of lot 4, of subdivision 2 of section LXXXV (85), Victoria district, British Columbia, plan No. 156. The above described property will be offered for sale by public auction, under the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage registered in Charge Book vol. 13, fol. 269, No. 16706b, at 12 o'clock noon, on Friday, the 2nd day of December, 1898, at the auction rooms of Mr. George Byrnes, No. 15 Yates street, Victoria, B. C.

Deeds at purchaser's expense. Conditions of sale and mortgage and prior title can be inspected at thee office of the undersigned. E. M. Johnson, agent for the mortgagee. Office, No. 6 Broughton street, Victoria, B. C. November 17th, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, B.C., for a transfer from Lionel Dickinson to Joseph A. Rogers of the retail liquor license of the premises known as the Elk Saloon, situated on the corner of Douglas and Pandora streets, in the said city of Victoria, B.C.

LIONEL DICKINSON.

Dated 28th day of October, 1898 o27

NOTICE—MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of a certain mortgage, bearing date the 9th day of November, 1892, and registered in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., in Charge Book, Vol. 11, Fol. 699, No. 13778b., tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 20th of November next for the purchase of all that piece or parcel of land, situate lying and being in Lake District, Vancouver Island, British Columbia, being the western portion of section XLVI (forty-six), and part of southern portion of section XLV (forty-five), Lake District, aforesaid, and containing 40 acres (more or less). The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Bradburn, Dumbleton & Innes, 39½ Langley street, Victoria, B. C., Solicitors for the Mortgagee. o30-1m

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase, for townsite purposes, the following described parcel of land situate on Surprise Lake, Cassiar:—Commencing at a post on its north shore, about half a mile east from its outlet; thence north 40 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence west along the shore of the Lake to point of commencement, 160 acres, more or less.

D. M. BROGAN.
JOHN GRANT.

October 20th, 1898. n8

JEWELRY

Watches, Clocks and Silverware

Can be bought at Stoddart's at prices (considering quality) quite as cheap as the Eastern houses advertise their goods. The customer in buying here will save freights, and if the goods are found not satisfactory can obtain an exchange easier than sending goods back to Toronto, etc.

FEW OF OUR PRICES

Waltham Watches from ..... $ 5.00
Elgin Watches from 5.00
In Solid Silver Cases 6.00
Gents' Solid Gold Watches from 35.00
Ladies' Solid Gold Watches from 18.00
JEWELRY AT SIMILAR REDUCTIONS.
Diamonds set in Sold Gold Scarf Pins from 2.00
Solid Gold Rings from 1.00
The Handsomest Lady's Gold Ring ever sold for 2.00

STODDART'S JEWELRY STORE

68-68½ YATES STREET.

Cash purchaser of Nugget Gold to any amount.

NO. 203.

A BY-LAW.

To Amend the "Expenditure By-Law, 1898."

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the "Expenditure By-Law, 1898:"

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. Statement H of the Schedule to the "Expenditure By-Law, 1898," is hereby repealed, and the following substituted therefor:

VIII.—EDUCATION.

No. of Vote.	Statement H. Service.	Estimated for service ending 31st Dec 1898.	Total.
59	Board of school trustees for school purposes	$43,000 00	$43,000 00

2. This By-Law may be cited as the "Expenditure By-Law, 1898, Amendment By-Law."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 31st day of October, 1898.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council this 1st day of November, 1898.

(L.S.) CHAS. E. REDFERN, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 1st day of November, A.D. 1898, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

Special Express For Dawson

On or about December 7th four dog trains, under experienced drivers, will be despatched for Dawson direct, carrying a limited quantity of mail and express matter. For rates apply to

Thomas Earle

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.